

Product Manual 26833 (Revision B, 07/2019)
Original Instructions



TecJet[™] 52 Gen II Gas Regulation and Metering Valve/Actuator System

Installation and Operation Manual



General
Precautions

Read this entire manual and all other publications pertaining to the work to be performed before installing, operating, or servicing this equipment.

Practice all plant and safety instructions and precautions.

Failure to follow instructions can cause personal injury and/or property damage.



Revisions

This publication may have been revised or updated since this copy was produced. To verify that you have the latest revision, check manual 26455, Customer Publication Cross Reference and Revision Status & Distribution Restrictions, on the publications page of the Woodward website:

www.woodward.com/publications

The latest version of most publications is available on the *publications page*. If your publication is not there, please contact your customer service representative to get the latest copy.



Proper Use

Any unauthorized modifications to or use of this equipment outside its specified mechanical, electrical, or other operating limits may cause personal injury and/or property damage, including damage to the equipment. Any such unauthorized modifications: (i) constitute "misuse" and/or "negligence" within the meaning of the product warranty thereby excluding warranty coverage for any resulting damage, and (ii) invalidate product certifications or listings.



If the cover of this publication states "Translation of the Original Instructions" please note:

Translated Publications

The original source of this publication may have been updated since this translation was made. Be sure to check manual 26455, Customer Publication Cross Reference and Revision Status & Distribution Restrictions, to verify whether this translation is up to date. Out-of-date translations are marked with . Always compare with the original for technical specifications and for proper and safe installation and operation procedures.

Revisions—Changes in this publication since the last revision are indicated by a black line alongside the text.

Woodward reserves the right to update any portion of this publication at any time. Information provided by Woodward is believed to be correct and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Woodward unless otherwise expressly undertaken.

Contents

WARNINGS AND NOTICES	IV
ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE AWARENESS	V
REGULATORY COMPLIANCE	V
CHAPTER 1. GENERAL INFORMATION	1 1
CHAPTER 2. INSTALLATION Introduction Mounting Electrical Connections Shielded Wiring Earth Ground Supply Voltage Keyswitch Input PWM Input CAN ID Inputs CAN Termination CAN In CAN Out CAN Ground CAN Ground CAN Shield 4–20 mA Analog Input Status Output RS-232 Serial Communication Service Port Auxiliary Power Output	77 89 99 11 12 14 14 14 14
CHAPTER 3. DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION Configuration Power-on Procedure Normal Operation Diagnostics Run Hours Counter Position Limiter SAE J1939 Communications with Woodward EGS-02 CANopen Communications Position Hold Feature General Specifications	16 16 17 18 18
CHAPTER 4. VALVE SIZING	. 33
CHAPTER 5. SERVICE TOOL Overview Description Installation Troubleshooting the Driver Configuring the Driver Load Configuration Settings	38 38 38 40
CHAPTER 6. TROUBLESHOOTING	. 58
CHAPTER 7. MAINTENANCE	

TecJet 52 Gen II	Manual 2683
Limits of Applicability	
CHAPTER 8. PRODUCT SUPPORT AND SERVICE OPTIONS	65
Product Support Options	65
Product Service Options	
Returning Equipment for Repair	
Replacement Parts	66
Engineering Services	67
Contacting Woodward's Support Organization	
Technical Assistance	68
REVISION HISTORY	69
DECLARATIONS	70

The following are trademarks of Woodward, Inc.:

TecJet Woodward

The following are trademarks of their respective companies: Pentium (Intel Corporation) Windows (Microsoft Corporation)

ii Woodward

Illustrations and Tables

Figure 1-1a. TecJet 52 Outline Drawing	3
Figure 1-1b. TecJet 52 Outline Drawing	4
Figure 1-2. TecJet 52 Outline Drawing - Installation	5
Figure 1-3. TecJet 52 Outline Drawing - Preferred Mounting	6
Figure 2-1. TecJet 52 Wiring Diagram	10
Figure 2-2. TecJet 52 PWM Wiring	
Figure 2-3. TecJet 52 CAN Wiring for Isolated/Non-isolated Systems	13
Figure 3-1. Address Claimed State Chart	24
Figure 4-1. Maximum Specialty Gas Flow Capacity of TecJet 52, 50 Plus,	
Precision Flow, 50, and 110	34
Figure 4-2. Minimum Specialty Gas Flow Capacity of TecJet 52, 50 Plus,	
Precision Flow, 50, and 110	35
Figure 4-3. Maximum Natural Gas Flow Capacity of TecJet 52, 50 Plus, Precis	sion
Flow, 50, and 110	
Figure 4-4. Minimum Natural Gas Flow Capacity of TecJet 52, 50 Plus, Precis	
Flow, 50, and 110	37
Figure 5-1. Communication- Harness Connections	
Figure 5-2. Overview Screen	
Figure 5-3. Troubleshooting Screen	
Figure 5-4. Warnings Screen	
Figure 5-5a. Errors Screen Before Power Cycle	
Figure 5-5b. Errors Screen After Power Cycle	
Figure 5-6. Configuration Screen	
Figure 5-7. Identification Screen	
Figure 5-8. Edit TecJet Configuration, Demand Source	
Figure 5-9. Edit TecJet Configuration, General	
Figure 5-10a. Edit TecJet Configuration, Flow (CAN Demand)	
Figure 5-10b. Edit TecJet Configuration, Flow (Analog Demand)	
Figure 5-10c. Edit TecJet Configuration, Flow (PWM Demand)	
Figure 5-11. Edit TecJet Configuration, Failed Sensor Defaults	
Figure 5-12. Edit TecJet Configuration, Filters	
Figure 5-13a. Edit TecJet Configuration, CAN (Default)	
Figure 5-13b. Edit TecJet Configuration, CAN (User Configured)	
Figure 5-13c. Edit TecJet Configuration, CANopen	56
Table 2-1. Mating Connector	8
Table 3-1. Transmit PDOs	
Table 3-2. Receive PDOs	25

Woodward iii

Warnings and Notices

Important Definitions



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

- DANGER—Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
- WARNING—Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
- CAUTION—Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
- NOTICE—Indicates a hazard that could result in property damage only (including damage to the control).
- IMPORTANT—Designates an operating tip or maintenance suggestion.

∆WARNING

Overspeed /
Overtemperature /
Overpressure

The engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover should be equipped with an overspeed shutdown device to protect against runaway or damage to the prime mover with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.

The overspeed shutdown device must be totally independent of the prime mover control system. An overtemperature or overpressure shutdown device may also be needed for safety, as appropriate.



Personal Protective Equipment The products described in this publication may present risks that could lead to personal injury, loss of life, or property damage. Always wear the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for the job at hand. Equipment that should be considered includes but is not limited to:

- Eye Protection
- Hearing Protection
- Hard Hat
- Gloves
- Safety Boots
- Respirator

Always read the proper Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for any working fluid(s) and comply with recommended safety equipment.



Start-up

Be prepared to make an emergency shutdown when starting the engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover, to protect against runaway or overspeed with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.



Automotive Applications On- and off-highway Mobile Applications: Unless Woodward's control functions as the supervisory control, customer should install a system totally independent of the prime mover control system that monitors for supervisory control of engine (and takes appropriate action if supervisory control is lost) to protect against loss of engine control with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.

iv Woodward



To prevent damage to a control system that uses an alternator or battery-charging device, make sure the charging device is turned off before disconnecting the battery from the system.

Battery Charging Device

Electrostatic Discharge Awareness

NOTICE

Electrostatic Precautions

Electronic controls contain static-sensitive parts. Observe the following precautions to prevent damage to these parts:

- Discharge body static before handling the control (with power to the control turned off, contact a grounded surface and maintain contact while handling the control).
- Avoid all plastic, vinyl, and Styrofoam (except antistatic versions) around printed circuit boards.
- Do not touch the components or conductors on a printed circuit board with your hands or with conductive devices.

To prevent damage to electronic components caused by improper handling, read and observe the precautions in Woodward manual 82715, Guide for Handling and Protection of Electronic Controls, Printed Circuit Boards, and Modules.

Follow these precautions when working with or near the control.

- Avoid the build-up of static electricity on your body by not wearing clothing made of synthetic materials. Wear cotton or cotton-blend materials as much as possible because these do not store static electric charges as much as synthetics.
- 2. Do not remove the printed circuit board (PCB) from the control cabinet unless absolutely necessary. If you must remove the PCB from the control cabinet, follow these precautions:
 - Do not touch any part of the PCB except the edges.
 - Do not touch the electrical conductors, the connectors, or the components with conductive devices or with your hands.
 - When replacing a PCB, keep the new PCB in the plastic antistatic
 protective bag it comes in until you are ready to install it. Immediately
 after removing the old PCB from the control cabinet, place it in the
 antistatic protective bag.

Regulatory Compliance

European Compliance for CE Marking:

These listings apply to stationary industrial markets only and are limited only to those units bearing the CE Marking.

EMC Directive: Declared to 2004/108/EC COUNCIL DIRECTIVE of 15

December 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility and all applicable amendments.

Other European and International Compliance:

Compliance with the following European Directives or standards does not qualify this product for application of the CE Marking.

Machinery Directive: Compliant as a component with 98/37/EC COUNCIL

DIRECTIVE of 23 July 1998 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to machinery.

Pressure Equipment Exempt per Clause 4 of the Pressure Equipment

Directive: Directive 97/23/EC of 29 May 1997 on the

approximation of the laws of the Member States

concerning pressure equipment.

RoHS Directive: Restriction of Hazardous Substances 2011/65/EU:

This product is intended to be sold and used only as equipment which is specifically designed, and is to be installed, as part of another type of equipment that is excluded or does not fall within the scope of this Directive, which can fulfil its function only if it is part of that equipment, and which can be replaced only by the same specifically designed equipment and therefore fulfills the requirements stated in Art.2.4(c) and as such is excluded from the scope of the Directive

Restriction of Hazardous Substances 2011/65/EU: This product is intended to be sold and used only as repair, updating or upgrading of EEE (as defined in Article 3(27) of the Directive) that either was excluded from the scope of the Directive at the time of placing on the market (as defined in Article 4.4(e)) or which benefited from an exemption and which was placed on the market before that exemption expired (per Article 4.4(f)).

North American Compliance:

These listings are limited only to those units bearing the CSA identification.

CSA: CSA Certified for Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, &

D, T3 at 85 °C Ambient for use in Canada and the

United States. Certificate 1975931

Type 4 Enclosure Watertight

This product is certified as a component for use in other equipment. The final combination is subject to acceptance by the authority having jurisdiction or local inspection.

vi Woodward

Wiring must be in accordance with North American Class I, Division 2 wiring methods, as applicable, and in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.

Special Conditions for Safe Use

Field Wiring must be suitable for at least 85 °C.

Connect ground lug of TecJet 52 to earth ground.

The TecJet 52 actuator should be protected from exposure to sunlight and rain.

The Ingress Protection rating of the control depends on the use of proper mating connectors. Refer to Table 2-1 in the Installation section of this manual for information on the proper mating connectors for use with this control.



EXPLOSION HAZARD—Do not remove covers or connect/disconnect electrical connectors unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2 or Zone 2.

Do not clean equipment unless the area is known to be nonhazardous.



RISQUE D'EXPLOSION—Ne pas enlever les couvercles, ni raccorder / débrancher les prises électriques, sans vous en assurez auparavant que le système a bien été mis hors tension; ou que vous vous situez bien dans une zone non explosive.

La substitution de composants peut rendre ce matériel inacceptable pour les emplacements de Classe I, Division 2 ou Zone 2.

Ne pas nettoyer l'équipement à moins de se trouver dans un emplacement non dangereux.



Due to the hazardous location listing associated with this product, proper wire type and wiring practices are critical to operation.



Do not connect any cable grounds to "instrument ground", "control ground", or any non-earth ground system. Make all required electrical connections based on the wiring diagram per Figure 2-1

Woodward vii

Released

Chapter 1. General Information

Introduction

The TecJet 52 valve/actuator is an integrated, digitally compensated, control valve and actuator system for metering and regulating the flow of gaseous fuels. The device is designed to accept a fuel flow demand input signal. It also includes internal feedback sensors that measure fuel pressure, temperature, and valve differential pressure. Based on these sensor input signals, the device calculates and controls the valve position needed to produce a mass flow rate that matches the demanded fuel flow within the accuracy specified elsewhere in this manual.

The TecJet 52 actuator includes closed-loop position control based on an internal position sensor and the calculated position setpoint. Model-based position controller software is used to position the valve. An integrated return spring is provided in the actuator. Upon loss of power, the return spring will drive the valve closed within 2 seconds over the fluid operating temperature range.

This manual covers the TecJet 52 Fuel Metering Valves.

The TecJet 52 valve/actuator is intended to be mounted on-engine or very close to the engine. The dominant application of this valve is fuel control for gas-fueled reciprocating engines controlled by an electronic engine control system.



Throughout the remainder of the manual, the TecJet 52 valve and actuator system will be referred to simply as the TecJet 52.

Connections to the TecJet 52

The TecJet 52 has the following connections to the ECM (Engine Control Module), and the engine harness:

Earth Ground Provided through ground lug on housing. Power Input 18–32 Vdc measured at the TecJet 52.

Key Switch input Contact input to switch the TecJet 52 in and out of a

low-power state.

CANbus In Configurable as flow demand input.

PWM Configurable as flow demand input.

4–20 mA Analog Configurable as flow demand input.

CAN ID Inputs TecJet 52 number selection for CANbus IDs. CAN Termination Internal CAN termination resistor option.

CANbus Out Second set of CAN pins for connecting to the next

CAN device.

Status Output Low-side relay/lamp driver that changes state during

a fault condition.

The TecJet 52 provides serial communications connections in the main connector for program upgrades and service tool interfacing by qualified service personnel. The service personnel will need to use an external TTL to RS-232 adaptor (Woodward P/N 1249-1039) to make communications possible.

Programmable Features

Control setup is accomplished through the use of a PC (personal computer), Woodward Service Tool software, and TTL to RS-232 adaptor. The TecJet 52 is provided pre-configured with default settings and may not require additional setup. The features identified below are described in Chapter 5. Briefly, the programmable features include:

Configure Demand Source

- o Jenbacher CAN (Proprietary protocol)
- o Analog 4–20
- o PWM
- o EGS-01 (Proprietary protocol)
- o GECM (Proprietary protocol)
- o EGS-02 (SAE J1939 protocol)
- o CANopen
- o CANopen PWM

• Configure General

- o Fuel Gas Defaults (K, Density)
- o Fuel Gas Temperature Warning Thresholds (High & Low °C)
- o Fuel Gas Pressure Warning Thresholds (High & Low mbar)
- o ΔP Warning Threshold (High & Low ΔP mbar)

Configure Flow (Demand Source Dependent)

- o Demand Fail Limits (ms, mA, or %)
- o Scaling (High & Low mA or Duty Cycle % to NI/s Flow)

Configure Failed Sensor Defaults

- o Fuel Gas Temperature Sensor Default Temperature (°C)
- o Fuel Gas Pressure Sensor Default Downstream pressure (Table)

• Configure Filters

- o ΔP Filter Time Constant (sec)
- o Fuel Gas Pressure Filter Time Constant (sec)
- o Fuel Gas Temperature Filter Time Constant (sec)
- o Flow Demand Filter Time Constant (sec)

Configure CAN (Demand Source Dependent)

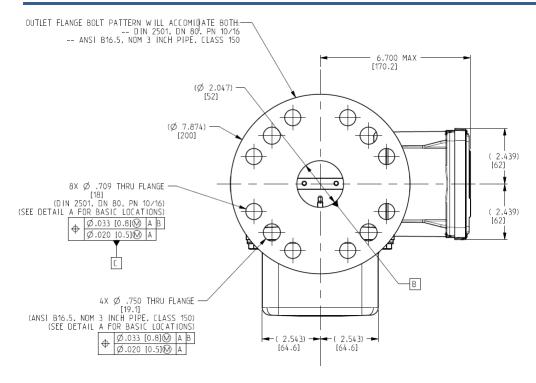
- o Baud Rate Default (kbits/s)
- Baud Rate User Configured
 - Baud Rate Prescaler:
 - TSEG1:
 - TSEG2:
 - Synchronization Jump Width:
- o Heartbeat Rate
- o CAN Identifiers

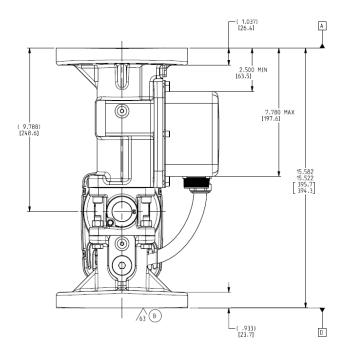
Service Tool Software

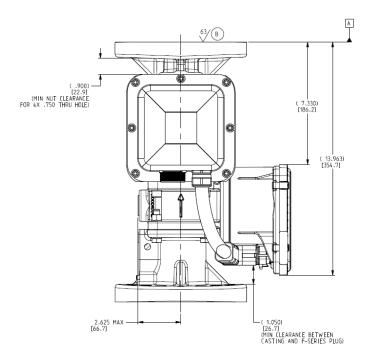
The TecJet Service Tool software is a Microsoft Windows based GUI (graphic user interface) used to configure and troubleshoot the TecJet 52. The Service Tool Software is compatible with Microsoft Windows XP, 2000, NT 4.0, Me, 98 and gives the end user the ability to:

- Configure control settings based on application requirements
- Load the configuration into the control
- Monitor control parameters
- View and reset fault conditions

Detailed descriptions of software installation are available in Chapter 5.







NOTE: VALVE MAY ALSO BE MOUNTED IN THIS POSITION WITH FLOW FROM BOTTOM TO TOP.

NOTES:

- 1. Interpret drawing per ASME 14.5-2009.
- 2. Dimensions are shown as inches [millimeters].
- 3. Total weight approximately 33.1 lbs [15.0 kg] or 34.6 lbs [15.7 kg] with optional mounting support.
- 4. See Figure 1-2 for optional mounting configuration.
- 5. All dimensions are drawn at nominal, unless noted.

Figure 1-1a. TecJet 52 Outline Drawing

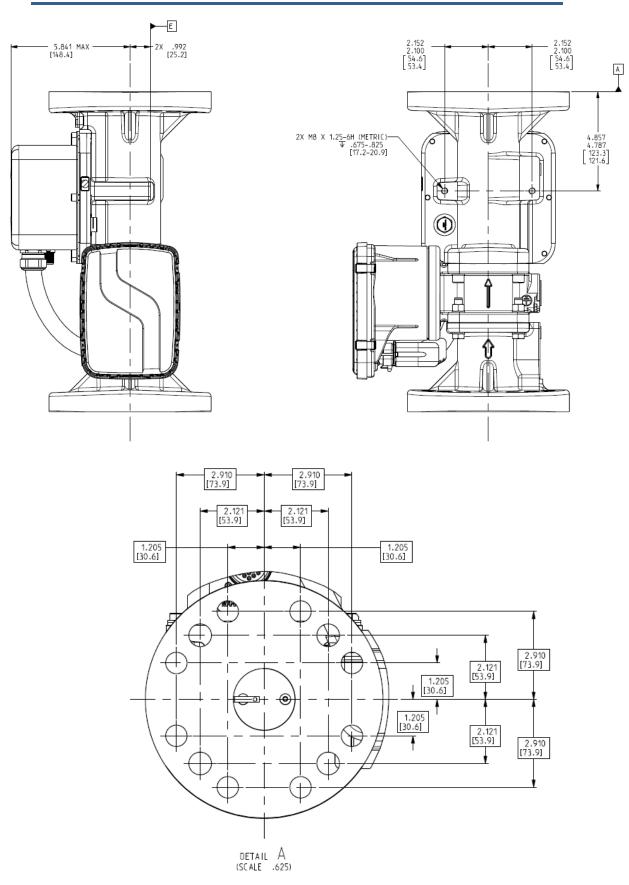
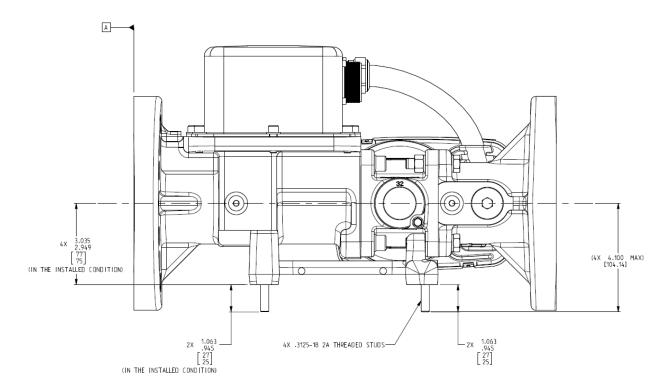
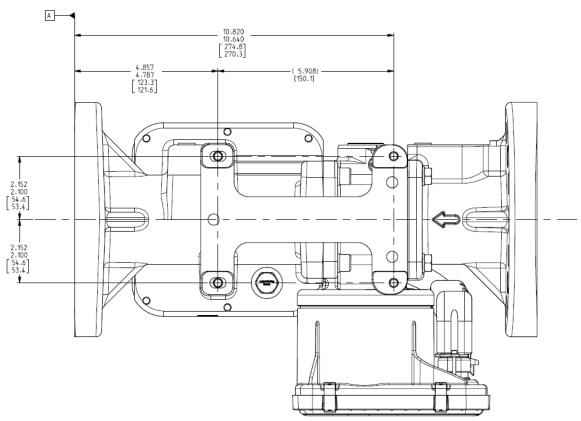


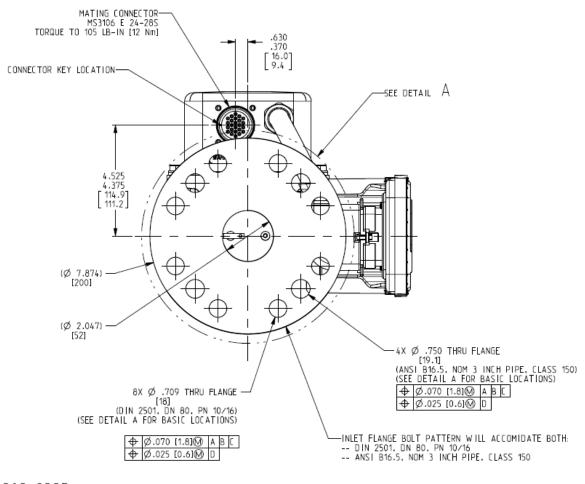
Figure 1-1b. TecJet 52 Outline Drawing





OPTIONAL MOUNTING: 4 MOUNTING FEET WITH .3125-18 UNC-2A THREADED STUDS. (MOUNTING SUPPORT WITH HARDWARE MAY BE PURCHASED AS AN OPTIONAL KIT (B)

Figure 1-2. TecJet 52 Outline Drawing - Installation



268-023B (9999-1563sh1) 2014-10-29

Figure 1-3. TecJet 52 Outline Drawing - Preferred Mounting

S Woodward

Chapter 2. Installation

Introduction



The TecJet 52 valve is pressure tested at Woodward. Allowable external leakage is less than 2 SCCM or 0.00015 kg/h.



Leak-check all gaseous fuel connections. Leaking gaseous fuel can cause explosion hazards, property damage, or loss of life.



The TecJet 52 valve is NOT equipped with an overboard drain in the event of gas leakage through its various seals. The valve should therefore be used in a well-ventilated area. A methane detector should be used if the valve will be used in an enclosed installation.



The TecJet 52 weighs 17 kg (38 lb). In order to prevent injury, some form of lifting assistance (a lifting strap is recommended) should be used when handling the TecJet 52.

Be careful when unpacking the TecJet 52. Check the assembly for signs of damage, such as bent or dented covers, scratches, and loose or broken parts. Be especially careful not to rest the TecJet 52 on the valve position pointer or on the actuator electrical connectors. Notify the shipper and Woodward if damage is found.

If the TecJet 52 is to be painted, appropriate means must be used to mask the following items/areas:

- All identification and warning labels
- Main electrical connector
- Junction between the valve shaft and the valve housing (this is a dynamic junction next to the valve position pointer)

Mounting

TecJet 52 orientation and mounting must be designed to reduce the possibility of fuel contamination. Orientation of the valve should be with the actuator +15/-90° relative to horizontal with the sensor module skyward. The axis of the valve bore can be +90/-15° relative to horizontal, with +90° representing the outlet of the valve pointing skyward. Installations with a bore axis orientation in the +15 to +90° range must incorporate means to prevent the buildup of moisture or other liquids in the fuel train. The valve has an arrow indicating flow direction cast into the outside of the valve housing. Washers should be placed between the valve body and any fasteners used. Give consideration to the strength of the mounting plate in order to support the 14 kg (30 lb) weight of the TecJet 52. Refer to the outline drawings in Figures 1-1, 1-2, and 1-3 for dimensions and details relative to the valve inlet flange and outlet flange.

For on-engine applications, a suitable bracket must be constructed to brace the valve mounting feet to a secure structure on the engine. See the outline drawing (Figure 1-1b) for the valve mounting feet hole and hole-location details. This mounting configuration should ensure that moment loads are not applied either through installation or thermal stress that could cause the valve to bind and lose functionality.

The inlet and outlet piping of the TecJet 52 must be in accordance with ANSI/ISA-S75.02 to ensure the flow metering accuracy specified elsewhere in this manual. However, an inlet piping length as short as 6 diameters and an outlet piping length as short as 2 diameters can typically be used with a negligible loss in valve metering accuracy.

Electrical Connections

The TecJet 52 is electrically connected to the control system by the main connector shown in Figure 1-1. The mating connector should be torqued per the value indicated in Figure 1-3. The following mating connectors are compatible with the TecJet 52 control.

Table 2-1. Mating Connector

Supplier	Part Number
Amphenol	Amphenol Connector: P/N ACC 06E 24-28S (025)
	Amphenol Contacts: P/N 10-597109-171 (CRIMP)
	Amphenol Sealing Plugs P/N 10-405996-16
Cannon	Cannon Connector: P/N CA 06R 24-28S A206
	Cannon Contacts: P/N 031-0560-161 (CRIMP)
	Cannon Sealing Plugs: P/N 225-0017-000
Woodward	Connector Kit: P/N 6995-1021 (Connector, Contacts, Sealing Plugs)



EXPLOSION HAZARD—Do not remove covers or connect/disconnect electrical connectors unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.



RISQUE D'EXPLOSION—Ne pas enlever les couvercles, ni raccorder / débrancher les prises électriques, sans vous en assurez auparavant que le système a bien été mis hors tension; ou que vous vous situez bien dans une zone non explosive.



Due to the hazardous location listing associated with this product, proper wire type and wiring practices are critical to operation.



The control will only meet ingress protection specifications while the mating connector is installed in the unit. As such, the unit should not be exposed to operating environments unless the mating connector is installed.

In addition, if a wire is not used for each of the 24 pins on the control, a sealing plug must be used in place of each missing wire. Failure to adhere to these guidelines may result in product failure or decreased life.



Do not connect any cable grounds to "instrument ground", "control ground", or any non-earth ground system. Make all required electrical connections based on the wiring diagram in Figure 2-1.

Shielded Wiring

Shielded wiring is generally not required. The use of cable with individually shielded-twisted pairs is only required where indicated by the control wiring diagrams (Figure 2-1). However, some users may elect to run shielded wires for some I/O signals. Cable shields must be terminated as indicated in the control wiring diagram using the installation notes described below. DO NOT attempt to directly ground the shield at both ends since an undesired ground loop condition may occur. The TecJet 52 CAN shield connection pin is grounded through a high frequency capacitor (not directly grounded) and must be grounded in the wiring harness.

Installation Notes

- Wires exposed beyond the shield should be as short as possible, not exceeding 50 mm (2 inches).
- The shield termination wire (or drain wire) should be kept as short as
 possible, not exceeding 50 mm (2 inches), and where possible the diameter
 should be maximized.
- Installations with severe electromagnetic interference (EMI) may require additional shielding precautions. Contact Woodward for more information.

Failure to provide shielding can produce future conditions which are difficult to diagnose. Proper shielding, when provided, at the time of installation is recommended to assure satisfactory operation of the product.

Earth Ground

Ground Lug = Earth Ground

In order to ensure CE compliance, the connection to the earth ground needs to meet the following requirements. First, the connection must be less than 183 cm (6 ft) in length. Second, the wire that is used must be at least 3.3 mm² (12 AWG) in size.

Supply Voltage

W = Power-In (+)Z = Power-In (-)

The supply voltage during normal operation must be 18 to 32 V, measured at the TecJet 52 connector. Steady state input current can reach 1.0 A, and transient input current may reach up to 4 A. The recommended power supply cable size is at least 1.3 mm² or 16 AWG. The power supply wiring must be fused outside of the valve. The recommended fuse is a 6 A slow blow fuse.

Recommended maximum wire length from power source to TecJet 52 based on a 24 V Power Supply: 51 m (167 ft) using 16 AWG (1.3 mm²) stranded wire.

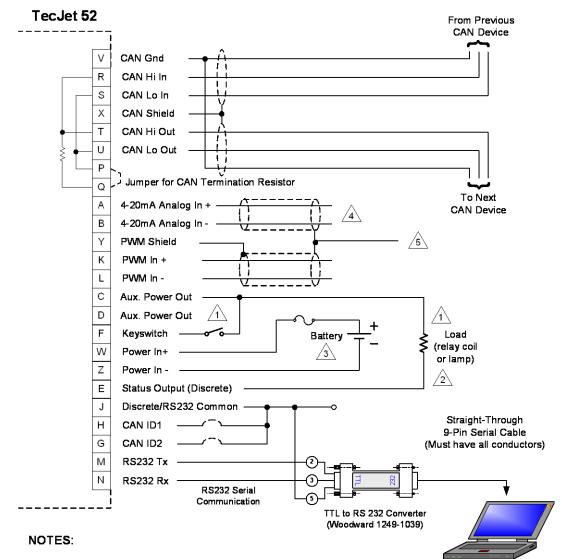
Keyswitch Input

F = Keyswitch

The keyswitch input is used to switch the TecJet 52 in and out of the run state. A high signal (connected to Aux. Power Out) will allow the valve to operate in a normal mode, and a low signal (connected to supply [–] or open connection) will force the valve to a minimum position (if possible) and then into a low power state. When the keyswitch input goes low, the valve will disable the driver circuitry after the software has gone through a shutdown procedure.

Released

Manual 26833



<u>/1</u>\

USE AUX. POWER OUT (PINS C OR D) TO POWER THE KEYSWITCH INPUT AND THE STATUS OUTPUT LOAD, WHEN NEEDED.

THE STATUS OUTPUT IS A LOW-SIDE SWITCH THAT CAN BE OPERATED AT A MAXIMUM OF 42 V AND 500 MA.

THE MINIMUM WIRE SIZE FOR PINS W AND Z (POWER SUPPLY INPUTS) IS 16 AWG. FOR ALL OTHER I/O, THE RECOMMENDED WIRE SIZE IS AT LEAST 18 AWG.

4 SHIELDING FOR THE ANALOG INPUT IS OPTIONAL

TecJet 52 Gen II

THE SHIELDING FOR THE ANALOG INPUT (OPTIONAL) AND FOR THE PWM INPUT SHOULD BE TERMINATED AT $^{\perp}$ THE CUSTOMER END.

Figure 2-1. TecJet 52 Wiring Diagram



All signal and I/O wiring on the TecJet 52 is not to exceed 30 m (100 ft) in length. See "Supply Voltage" section for specific wire length limitations on the power supply inputs.



When wiring to pins V and/or J on the TecJet 52, be careful to ensure that the external circuit interface is isolated from battery ground, either by means of galvanic isolation or differential input/output.

If it is not, a ground loop could be formed that can cause excess noise on the lines and/or damage to circuits.

Released

PWM Input

K = PWM input (+) L = PWM input (-)

The PWM input is configurable as the mass flow demand input. The PWM Input is designed for use with a push-pull type driver.

Input Magnitude: 5–32 V differential input

Input Impedance: 67 kΩ

Input Type: Differential Input Frequency Range: 80–1100 Hz

Isolation: none Resolution: 12 bits

Accuracy: 1.0% of full scale up to 1 kHz @ 25 °C

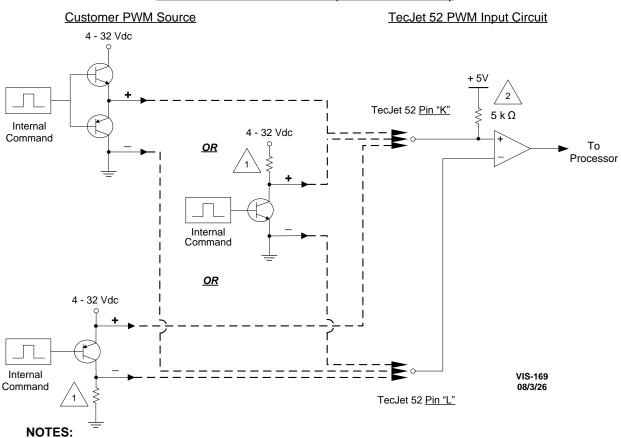
1.5% of full scale above 1 kHz @ 25 °C

Temperature Drift: ≤100 ppm/°C

Safe Input Common

Mode Voltage: At least ±50 V PWM Detection Threshold 1.15 V nominal

Push-Pull PWM Source (three variations)



1

This resistor is supplied by the customer to complete the push-pull source externally. It is NOT internal to the TecJet 52 valve.



This resistor is present in all TecJet 52 valves. It must be taken into consideration when selecting an external pull-up or pull-down resistor to ensure that the PWM signal passes through the detection threshold.

Figure 2-2. TecJet 52 PWM Wiring

CAN ID Inputs

H = CAN ID 1

G = CAN ID 2

J = Discrete/RS232 Common

The CAN ID inputs are used to select which CAN identifiers will be used on the CANbus. With no programming tools, the customer can select from the four preprogrammed CAN IDs through a hard-wired code in the engine harness. This is especially important where more than one TecJet 52 is used on an engine. If one TecJet 52 valve is replaced with another, the new valve will read the correct ID number from the engine harness connector. See the table below for the code definition. Note that when the CAN ID is to be tied high, it should be connected to the Aux. Power Output pin (pin C or D)

TecJet 52 CAN ID	CAN ID1	CAN ID2
"TecJet 52 1"	Aux. Power Out or Open	Aux. Power Out or Open
"TecJet 52 2"	Discrete Common	Aux. Power Out or Open
"TecJet 52 3"	Aux. Power Out or Open	Discrete Common
"TecJet 52 4"	Discrete Common	Discrete Common

CAN Termination

P = Termination resistor

Q = Termination resistor

The internal termination resistor (124 Ω) is used to terminate the CANbus. According to the CAN specification, every CANbus must be terminated at both ends of the bus. If a TecJet 52 valve is connected to the far end of the bus, this termination resistor can be used. If termination is needed, connect a link between pins P and Q. This link should be as short as possible. If no termination resistor is needed, leave pins P and Q unconnected.



If the internal termination is used, other devices on the CANbus may not operate properly when the TecJet 52 valve is disconnected from the bus. An external termination resistor should be used if there are other devices on the CANbus that must not lose communication when the TecJet 52 valve is disconnected.

CAN In

R = CAN high in

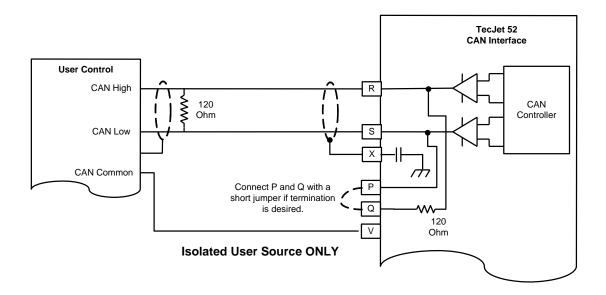
S = CAN low in

V = CAN Ground (do not connect unless CAN source is isolated—see Figure 2-2)

Pins R and S are the CAN communication wires. Make sure that the correct cable is used for connection to the CAN terminals (SAE J1939/11). CAN is non-isolated, and no wiring is to exceed 30 m in length.

Voltage Level: 5 V Isolation: None

Type: The TecJet 52 supports CAN 2.0B Baud Rate: Configurable from 250 K to 1 Meg



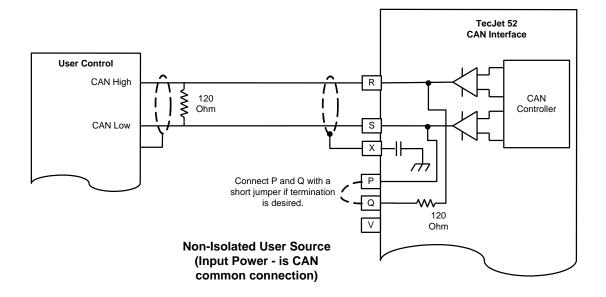


Figure 2-3. TecJet 52 CAN Wiring for Isolated/Non-isolated Systems

CAN Out

T = CAN high outU = CAN low out

The CAN output pins are connected to the CAN input pins internally. They are provided for linking more than one TecJet 52 to the CANbus without the need for junction boxes or doubled terminations to connector pins. For example, the CANbus from the control may be connected to the input pins, and the output pins are connected to the second TecJet 52 input pins.



If a second device is connected to the CAN output pins, this device will lose communication if the TecJet 52 valve is disconnected.

CAN Ground

V = CAN Ground

Pin V is the CAN ground connection for the CAN communication wires.



Only use the CAN ground pin (V) if the CAN source is isolated. See Figure 2-2. If pin V is used with a non-isolated CAN source, a ground loop can be formed, which can disrupt communications and/or damage circuitry.

CAN Shield

X = CAN Shield

The CAN Shield can be used to terminate the shield of the CAN wiring. Internally, this pin is connected to the TecJet 52 chassis through a capacitor.

4-20 mA Analog Input

A = 4-20 mA Analog Input (+) B = 4-20 mA Analog Input (-)

The 4–20 mA Analog Input is configurable as the mass flow demand input.

Input Impedance: 200 Ω

Input Type: 4–20 mA differential

Max Input Current: 26 mA
Input Common Mode Range: At least ±50 V

Common Mode Rejection Ratio: -60 dB minimum (DC to 500 Hz)

Safe Input Common

Mode Voltage: At least ±200 V
Accuracy: ±180 μA @ 25 °C
Temperature Drift: <50 ppm/°C

Status Output

E = Status Output J = Discrete/RS-232 Common

The status output indicates whether the TecJet 52 valve is operating correctly. It will be "on" when the valve is operating normally and "off" when any warnings or errors are active. The Status Output electrical circuit is a low-side switch with the return current going to input power minus. It will be actively driven to Battery (-) when "on" and pulled to Battery (+) through a resistor when "off". The output load must be connected to the Status Output pin and to the Aux Power Out pin of the actuator. If the load is below 500 mA, the load can be driven directly from the output. It is possible to drive a relay if more current is needed for the load.

If it is necessary to use an independent power supply instead of the Aux Power Out, then a protective fuse must be provided and the negative connection of the independent power supply must be tied to the actuator negative power input pin.

The maximum voltage when the switch is in the "Off" state is 40 Vdc. The output is current protected and turns off if driven above 500 mA. If the short is removed, the output automatically returns to normal operation.

Output Type: Low-Side Discrete Output Driver

Drive Current: 500 mA max Max. Voltage: 42 Vdc

RS-232 Serial Communication Service Port

M = Serial TX N = Serial RX

J = Discrete/RS-232 Common

The RS-232 service port is used to configure, calibrate and trouble shoot the TecJet 52. The TecJet Service Tool can be downloaded from the Internet at www.woodward.com/software. The RS-232 wiring must meet the requirements in the EIA RS-232 Standard document. An external TTL to RS-232 converter (Woodward PN 1249-1039) is necessary to make communications possible with the Woodward TecJet Service Tool. The converter must be located a maximum of 1 meter from the TecJet 52. A connectivity kit can be purchased from Woodward to accomplish this. Further instructions for using this connectivity kit are provided in Chapter 5.

Isolation: None Baud Rate: 38.4 Kbaud

Auxiliary Power Output

C = Aux. Power Out D = Aux. Power Out

The Auxiliary power output pins are designed as a convenient way to wire any of the inputs that require a pull-up to battery, such as keyswitch and the CAN ID pins. This is also a good way to supply power through a load to the Status Output. Using the Aux. Power Output for these functions is highly recommended for the best EMI performance. Please note that using the Aux. Power Out in the keyswitch circuit will protect the circuitry from harmful surges in power.

Chapter 3. Description of Operation



External fire protection is not provided in the scope of this product. It is the responsibility of the user to satisfy any applicable requirements for their system.



Due to typical noise levels in engine environments, hearing protection should be worn when working on or around the TecJet 52 valve/actuator.



The surface of this product can become hot enough or cold enough to be a hazard. Use protective gear for product handling in these circumstances. Temperature ratings are included in the specification section of this manual.

Configuration

The valve can be configured to accept a flow demand from the analog input, the PWM input, or the CAN port. The configuration also includes user-adjustable warning limits, and default values for failed sensor backup modes. The configuration can be viewed or changed online using the TecJet Service Tool. See Chapter 5 for information on installing the service tool.

Power-on Procedure

When power is applied to the valve, it performs a diagnostic check. If there are no problems detected, the actuator is enabled with 1.36 N·m (1.0 lb-ft) of torque, and the valve closes. If the flow demand source is configured for CAN, the valve reads the CAN ID input pins and begins sending diagnostic information on the CAN link. If a problem is detected, the valve will not operate and the status output will indicate a fault.

Typically the TecJet 52 is continuously connected to the supply voltage. If the flow demand source is configured to Jenbacher CAN, the key switch has no effect. If the flow demand source is configured for anything else, the key switch input must be connected to a high signal (supply [+]) for the valve to operate. When the key switch is off, the valve closes, if possible, and the actuator driver that positions the valve is disabled to minimize the amount of current drawn from the battery.

Normal Operation

If a valid flow demand and delta-pressure are present, the valve begins normal operation. The TecJet 52 calculates the area needed to provide the requested flow. This area is calculated using the delta pressure (inlet to outlet pressure differential), the absolute inlet fuel gas pressure, the fuel gas temperature, the fuel gas ratio of specific heats (K), the fuel gas density, and the calibration information stored in the valve. The actuator positions the valve to achieve the calculated area requirement.

Released

Manual 26833 TecJet 52 Gen II

Diagnostics



The TecJet 52 may not return to minimum fuel for all faults. The engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover should be equipped with an overspeed, misfire, detonation detection shutdown device(s), that operate totally independently of the prime mover control device(s) to protect against runaway or damage to the engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover with possible personal injury or loss of life should the TecJet 52 system fail. An independent fuel shutoff device should also be used to shut off fuel flow in case the TecJet 52 system fails.

The valve continuously performs a variety of diagnostic checks. Diagnostic events are classified as warnings, errors or status indications. The status output indicates the overall status of the valve. A brief summary:

Warnings:

A warning indicates a condition that may require operator attention or intervention. For example, the valve may be operating in conditions that are outside its specification range, or a failure has occurred for which there is a back-up mode of operation, possibly with reduced accuracy or performance. If any warnings are active, the status output turns "off".

Errors:

An error indicates a problem that prevents the valve from operating. The valve closes, if possible, and remains inoperable until power is cycled. If the error persists, the valve requires service. If any errors are active, the status output turns "off".

Status indications:

The valve provides the following status indications:

- **Zero flow detected**—The flow demand is not present or is not valid. The valve is closed and the status output turns "off".
- Zero pressure detected—The pressure across the valve is essentially zero, so no flow can occur. The valve is closed and the status output turns "off".
- **Flow not reached**—The valve cannot achieve the demanded flow given the present operating conditions (fuel gas temperature and pressure, delta pressure, gas K and density). The status output turns "off".
- Overall status OK—There are no errors or warnings, and the Flow not detected, Zero flow detected, and Flow not reached status indications are not true. The status output turns "on".

See Chapter 6 (Troubleshooting) for more information on abnormal operation.

Run Hours Counter

The valve maintains a running hours counter that can be viewed or reset with the service tool. Running hours do not accumulate when the "Flow not detected" status indication is true.

Position Limiter

After the TecJet 52 is powered up and receives a flow demand, the valve remains closed until the delta-p sensor detects a non-zero valve delta-p. This non-zero delta-p is established when the fuel source is turned on. After sensing a non-zero valve delta-p, the valve is positioned according to an interpolated value from the position limiter table. This table contains three position vs. flow demand points. By limiting the valve position until fuel pressure is established, the delta-p required for the TecJet 52 to begin metering fuel is obtained at a lower fuel flow rate. This function ensures that adequate delta-p will be created, even with a substantially drooping fuel source, before allowing the TecJet 52 to begin metering fuel.

An example of an abnormally low delta-p limiter: During start-up, if the valve is operating under very low differential pressure, and the valve indicates a "flow not reached" condition, but the valve position is less than 1.2 radians, then the valve position is being limited by the table values as described above. This situation can generally be resolved by increasing the valve inlet pressure to increase the differential pressure across the valve.

SAE J1939 Communications with Woodward EGS-02

The TecJet 52 devices support CAN communications in the SAE J1939 Higher Layer Protocol format. Further detailed information regarding the J1939 Standards Collection can be purchased at **www.sae.org**. Information about CAN can be found at **www.semiconductors.bosch.de**. Specific information regarding TecJet 52 behavior is detailed below.

All TecJet 52 J1939 messages use the CAN 2.0B 29-bit Extended Data Frame Format.

Gaseous Fuel Command

Transmission rep rate: 5 ms (Engine Control → TecJet 52)

Data length: 8 bytes
Data page: 0
PDU format: 239

Note that this is the only Proprietary PDU Format 1 message allowed in J1939. PDU specific: 18, 125, 126, 127 depending on harness code

Default priority: 0 (high)

PGN: 0xEF7D, 0xEF7E, 0xEF7F

Bytes 1,2: Fuel specific gravity

Data length: 2 bytes, unsigned Resolution: 0.0001/bit, 0 offset

Range: 0 to 2

Bytes 3, 4: Ratio of Specific Heats

Data length: 2 bytes, unsigned Resolution: 0.0001/bit, 0 offset

Range: 0 to 2

Bytes: 5-8 Fuel Flow Rate

Data length: 4 bytes, unsigned

Resolution: 0.001 m³/h/bit, 0 offset (normalized to 0 deg C, 1013

mbar

Range: 0 to 4211081.215 m^3/hr (1169744.78194 Liters/second)

Fuel Valve Position

Transmission repetition rate: 100 ms (TecJet 52 → Engine Control)

Data length: 8 bytes
Data Page: 0
PDU format: 255
PDU specific: 252
Default priority: 6

PGN: 65532 (0xFFFC)

Byte 1: Actual Fuel Valve Position
Data length: 1 byte

Resolution: 0.4%/bit, 0 offset Range: 0 to 100% (0x00 to 0xFA)

Byte 2: Desired Fuel Valve Position
Data length: 1 byte

Resolution: 0.4%/bit, 0 offset Range: 0 to 100% (0x00 to 0xFA)

Bytes 3-8: Reserved, sent as 0xFF

Gas Properties

Transmission repetition rate: 100 ms (TecJet 52 → Engine Control)

Data length:

Data Page:

PDU format:

PDU specific:

Default priority:

8 bytes

0

255

255

PDU specific:

6

PGN: 65533 (0xFFFD)

(1

Bytes 1, 2: Absolute Inlet Gas Pressure Data length: 2 byte

Resolution: 0.1 kPa/bit, 0 offset Range: 0 to 6425.5 kPa

Bytes 3, 4: Absolute Outlet to Inlet Gas Pressure Differential

Data length: 2 byte

Resolution: 0.1 kPa/bit, 0 offset Range: 0 to 6425.5 kPa

Byte 5: Fuel Temperature

Data length: 1 byte

Resolution: 1 °C/bit gain, -40 °C offset

Range: -40 to +210 °C

Bytes 6-8: Reserved, sent as 0xFF

Gaseous Fuel Flow

Transmission repetition rate: 100 ms (TecJet 52 → Engine Control)

Data length: 8 bytes
Data Page: 0
PDU format: 255
PDU specific: 254
Default priority: 6

Parameter Group Number: 65534 (0xFFFE)

Bytes 1-4: Fuel Flow

Data length: 4 bytes

Resolution: 0.001 m/3/h/bit, 0 offset (normalized to 0 deg C, 1013 mbar

Range: 0 to 4211081.215 m^3/hr

Bytes: 5-8 Undefined, sent as 0xFF

Diagnostics and Status

Transmission Rate: 200 ms (TecJet 52 → Engine Control)

Data Length:8 bytesData Page:1PDU Format:255PDU Specific:255Default Priority:6

Parameter Group Number 65535 (0xFFFF)

Bytes: 8 bytes of status.

Byte 1 (Overall Status)

Bit 0: OVERALL_STATUS_OK

Bit 1: RESERVED

Bit 2: ZERO_PRESSURE_DETECTED Bit 3: ZERO_FLOW_DETECTED Bit 4: FLOW_NOT_REACHED Bit 5: VALVE_POSITION_ERROR

Bit 6: HIGH_ELEC_TEMP

Bit 7: RESERVED

Byte 2

Bit 0: ELEC_TEMP_FAIL_HIGH

Bit 1: FGT_FAIL_HIGH Bit 2: DELTA_P_FAIL_HIGH Bit 3: FGP_FAIL_HIGH

Bit 4: COIL_CURRENT_FAIL_HIGH

Bit 5: RESERVED Bit 6: RESERVED

Bit 7: POSITION_FAIL_HIGH

Byte 3

Bit 0: ELEC_TEMP_FAIL_LOW

Bit 1: FGT_FAIL_LOW
Bit 2: DELTA_P_FAIL_LOW
Bit 3: FGP_FAIL_LOW

Bit 4: COIL_CURRENT_FAIL_LOW

Bit 5: RESERVED Bit 6: RESERVED

Bit 7: POSITION_FAIL_LOW

Byte 4

Bit 0: RESERVED Bit 1: RESERVED Bit 2: RESERVED Bit 3: RESERVED

Bit 4: ANALOG_INPUT_LOW_ERR
Bit 5: ANALOG_INPUT_HIGH_ERR
Bit 6: PWM_DUTY_CYCLE_LOW_ERR
Bit 7: PWM_DUTY_CYCLE_HIGH_ERR

Byte 5

Bit 0: BATTERY_VOLT_LOW_ERR
Bit 1: FGT_LOW_LIMIT_ERR
Bit 2: DELTA_P_LOW_LIMIT_ERR
Bit 3: FGP_LOW_LIMIT_ERR
Bit 4: BATTERY_VOLT_HIGH_ERR
Bit 5: FGT_HIGH_LIMIT_ERR
Bit 6: DELTA_P_HIGH_LIMIT_ERR
Bit 7: FGP_HIGH_LIMIT_ERR

Byte 6

Bit 0: RESERVED

Bit 1: WATCHDOG_RESET

Bit 2: RESERVED Bit 3: RESERVED

Bit 4: CAN_FLOW_DEMAND_FAILED

Bit 5: RESERVED

Bit 6: TECJECT_SHUTDOWN
Bit 7: TECJET_INTERNAL_FAULT

Byte 7

Bit 0: RESERVED

Bit 1: KEYSWITCH_STATE

Bit 2: RESERVED

Bit 3: RESERVED

Bit 4: RESERVED

Bit 5: RESERVED

Bit 6: RESERVED

Bit 7: RESERVED

Byte 8

Bit 0: RESERVED

Bit 1: RESERVED

Bit 2: RESERVED

Bit 3: RESERVED

Bit 4: RESERVED

Bit 5: RESERVED

Bit 6: RESERVED

Bit 7: RESERVED

Address Claimed

Address Claimed / Cannot Claim Message

Address Claimed

Transmission rate: on start-up, on request, response to Address

Claimed

Data length: 8 bytes
Data Page: 0
PDU format: 238
PDU specific: 255
Default priority: 6

Parameter Group Number: 60928 (0xEE00) Source Address 18, 125, 126, or 127

Byte 1, Bits 8-1: Least Significant Byte of Identity Number

Byte 2, Bits 8-1: Second Byte of Identity Number

Byte 3, Bits 8-6: Least significant 3 bits of Manufacturer Code Byte 3, Bits 5-1: Most significant 5 bits of Identity Number Byte 4, Bits 8-1: Most significant 8 bits of Manufacturer Code

Byte 5, Bits 8-4: Function Instance Byte 5, Bits 3-1: ECU Instance Byte 6, Bits 8-1: Function Byte 7, Bits 8-2: Vehicle System

Byte 7, Bit 1: Reserved

Byte 8, Bit 8: Arbitrary Address Capable

Byte 8, Bits 7-5: Industry Group

Byte 8, Bits 4-1: Vehicle System Instance

The Address Claimed message will be sent out shortly after power has been applied to the TecJet 52 if the TecJet 52 is configured for the EGS-02 Flow Demand mode.

The Address Claimed message will be sent out in response to a Request for Address Claimed if the preferred address was successfully claimed or if the TecJet 52 has not won or lost address claiming.

The Request for Address Claimed can be sent to a specific Address or to the Global Destination Address, 255. The TecJet 52 will respond to a specific query, or one to the Global Destination Address, 255

The Source Address for this transmit message will be 18 for TecJet 52 1, 125 for TecJet 52 2, 126 for TecJet 52 3, 127 for TecJet 52 4. Addresses are not re-programmable.

The Address Claimed Message will also be sent out if the TecJet 52 receives an Address Claimed message from the same Address as the receiving node and a lower priority (higher value) NAME. The entire 8-byte value of the NAME is used for arbitration with the Arbitrary Address Capable Field as the Most Significant Bit.

Cannot Claim Address

Transmission rate: on start-up, on request, response to Address

Claimed

Data length: 8 bytes
Data Page: 0
PDU format: 238
PDU specific: 0
Default priority: 6

Parameter Group Number: 60928 (0xEE00)

Source Address 254

Byte 1, Bits 8-1: Least Significant Byte of Identity Number

Byte 2, Bits 8-1: Second Byte of Identity Number

Byte 3, Bits 8-6: Least significant 3 bits of Manufacturer Code Byte 3, Bits 5-1: Most significant 5 bits of Identity Number Byte 4, Bits 8-1: Most significant 8 bits of Manufacturer Code

Byte 5, Bits 8-4: Function Instance Byte 5, Bits 3-1: ECU Instance Byte 6, Bits 8-1: Function Byte 7, Bits 8-2: Vehicle System

Byte 7, Bit 1: Reserved

Byte 8, Bit 8: Arbitrary Address Capable

Byte 8, Bits 7-5: Industry Group

Byte 8, Bits 4-1: Vehicle System Instance

The Cannot Claim Address message will be sent out if the TecJet 52 receives an Address Claimed message with the same Source Address as the receiving node and with a higher priority (lower value) NAME. The entire 8-byte value of the NAME is used for arbitration with the Arbitrary Address Capable Field as the Most Significant Bit.

The Cannot Claim Address will also be sent out in response to a Request for Address Claimed if the address was unsuccessfully claimed. The Cannot Claim Address message will be sent out with a 0–153 millisecond pseudo-random delay between the reception of the triggering message and the transmission of the Cannot Claim Address message. If the TecJet 52 cannot claim an Address a status bit will be set and the valve will shut down.

TecJet 52 NAME

Arbitrary Address Capable Field

No, 0

See SAE J1939-81 Section 4.1.1.2

Industry Group Field

Global, 0

See SAE J1939 Section 3.2.4, J1939-81 Section 4.1.1.3

Vehicle System Instance Field

First Instance, 0

J1939-81 Section 4.1.1.4

Vehicle System Field

Non-specific system, 0

J1939-81 Section 4.1.1.5

Reserved

Reserved, 0

J1939-81 Section 4.1.1.6

Function Field

Fuel System, 15

J1939-81 Section 4.1.1.7

Function Instance Field

First, 0

J1939-81 Section 4.1.1.8

ECU Instance Field

1, 2, 3, 4 corresponding to Address 18, 125, 126, 127 respectively

J1939-81 Section 4.1.1.9

Manufacturer Code Field

Woodward Governor Industrial Controls, 153

J1939-81 Section 4.1.1.10

Identity Number Field

21-bit Identifier unique to each Valve

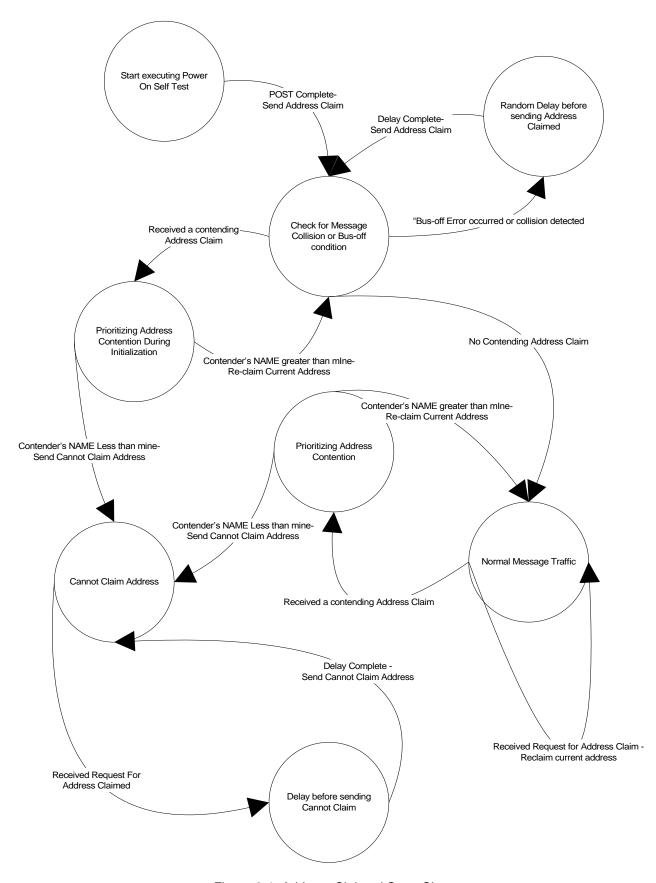


Figure 3-1. Address Claimed State Chart

CANopen Communications

The TecJet 52 supports CAN communications in the CIA CANopen Protocol format complying with DS301 version 4.02. Further detailed information regarding CANopen can be obtained at **www.can-cia.org**. Information about CAN is available at **www.semiconductors.bosch.de**. Specific information regarding TecJet behavior is detailed below.

All TecJet CANopen messages use the CAN 2.0 11-bit Standard Data Frame Format.

Baud Rate

The baud rate is tunable for 125, 250, 500, 1000 kbps. The default is 250 kbps.

Node ID

The Node ID is tunable between 1 and 31. The default is 18.

Heartbeat Production Rate

The Heartbeat rate is tunable but defaulted to 1 second.

CANopen State

The TecJet starts in boot-up mode, sends the required Boot Message, and then goes to the pre-operational state. If configured for PWM demand, it will operate based on the PWM signal regardless of the CANopen State (the valve is fully operational.) Once it receives the operational command on the CANbus, the PDOs will be available on the CANbus.

If CAN demand is configured, it needs to receive a command to go to the operational state followed by receiving a valid flow rate on the CANbus before the valve can be operational.

TecJet PDO Support



All data in CANopen is formatted as "Little Endian" also known as "Intel Format".

This section lists the PDOs that will be sent from the TecJet.

The TecJet will use the standard connection set to assign PDO numbers. The Node ID determines the COB ID for the PDOs.

Table 3-1. Transmit PDOs

Name	NODE_ID	TxPDO	COB_ID	Type	Rate
Fuel Valve	18	1	402 (192h)	ASYNC	99 ms
Parameters	10	ı	402 (19211)	ASTING	33 1115
Gaseous Fuel Flow	18	2	658 (292h)	ASYNC	99 ms
Diagnostics & Status	18	3	914 (392h)	ASYNC	198 ms

Table 3-2. Receive PDOs

Name	NODE_ID	RxPDO	COB_ID	Timeout
Gaseous Fuel	18	1	530 (212h)	N/A for PWM.
Command	10			Adjustable for CAN.

Transmit PDO 1 - Fuel Valve Parameters

Transmission rate: 99 ms

Message type = "ASYNC" (does not require SYNC message)

COB Id: 402 (0x192) default for Node Id = 18. All others 384+Node Id. Node ID = 18 (default address of TecJet when configured as TecJet #1)

Data:

Byte 1: Actual Fuel Valve Position

Data length: 1 byte

Resolution: 0.4%/bit, 0 offset (Multiply received value by 0.4 to recover % value)
Range: 0 to 100% (0x00 to 0xFA)

Byte 2: Desired Fuel Valve Position
Data length: 1 byte

Resolution: 0.4%/bit, 0 offset (Multiply received value by 0.4 to recover % value)
Range: 0 to 100% (0x00 to 0xFA)

Bytes 3-4: Absolute Inlet Gas Pressure

Data length: 16 bits, integer
Resolution: 0.1 kPa/bit, 0 offset
(Multiply received value by 0.1 to recover kPa value)

Range: 0 to 6425.5 kPa

Bytes 5, 6: Absolute Outlet to Inlet Gas Pressure Differential

Data length: 16 bits, integer
Resolution: 0.1 kPa/bit, 0 offset
(Multiply received value by 0.1 to recover kPa value)

Range: 0 to 6425.5 kPa

Byte 7: Fuel Temperature

Data length: 1 byte

Resolution: 1 □ C/bit gain, -40 □ C offset (Subtract 40 from received value to recover □ C value)

Range: -40 to +210 □C

Byte 8: Reserved, sent as 0.

Transmit PDO 2 - Gaseous Fuel Flow

Transmission rate: 99 ms

Message type = "ASYNC" (does not require SYNC message)

COB Id: 658 (0x292) default for Node Id = 18. All others 640+Node Id.

Data:

Bytes 1-4: Fuel Flow – Desired

(Either the demand via PWM or CANopen)
Data length: 4 bytes

Resolution: 0.0002778 L/S/bit, 0 offset

(Divide by 3600 to recover L/S value)

Range: 0 to 1169744.78194 L/S

Bytes 5-8: Gaseous Fuel Flow – Calculated, based on measured parameters

Data length: 4 bytes

Resolution: 0.0002778 L/S/bit, 0 offset

(Divide by 3600 to recover L/S value)

Range: 0 to 1169744.78194 L/S

Transmit PDO 3 - Diagnostics and Status

Transmission rate: 198 ms

Message type = "ASYNC" (does not require SYNC message)

COB Id: 914 (0x392) default for Node Id = 18. All others 896+Node Id.

Range: Boolean, 8 bytes of status. All reserved bits are set to 0.

Data Length: 8 bytes

```
Byte 1 (Overall Status)
    Bit 0: OVERALL_STATUS_OK
    Bit 1: HOLD_POSITION_WARN
    Bit 2: ZERO_PRESSURE_DETECTED
    Bit 3: ZERO_FLOW_DETECTED
    Bit 4: FLOW_NOT_REACHED
    Bit 5: VALVE_POSITION_ERROR
    Bit 6: HIGH_ELEC_TEMP
    Bit 7: RESERVED
Byte 2
    Bit 0: ELEC_TEMP_FAIL_HIGH
    Bit 1: FGT_FAIL_HIGH
    Bit 2: DELTA_P_FAIL_HIGH
    Bit 3: FGP_FAIL_HIGH
    Bit 4: COIL_CURRENT_FAIL_HIGH
    Bit 5: RESERVED
    Bit 6: RESERVED
    Bit 7: POSITION_FAIL_HIGH
Byte 3
    Bit 0: ELEC_TEMP_FAIL_LOW
    Bit 1: FGT FAIL LOW
    Bit 2: DELTA P FAIL LOW
    Bit 3: FGP FAIL LOW
    Bit 4: COIL_CURRENT_FAIL_LOW
    Bit 5: RESERVED
    Bit 6: RESERVED
    Bit 7: POSITION_FAIL_LOW
Byte 4
    Bit 0: RESERVED
    Bit 1: RESERVED
    Bit 2: RESERVED
    Bit 3: RESERVED
    Bit 4: ANALOG_INPUT_LOW_ERR
    Bit 5: ANALOG_INPUT_HIGH_ERR
    Bit 6: PWM_DUTY_CYCLE_LOW_ERR
    Bit 7: PWM_DUTY_CYCLE_HIGH_ERR
Byte 5
    Bit 0: BATTERY_VOLT_LOW_ERR
    Bit 1: FGT_LOW_LIMIT_ERR
    Bit 2: DELTA_P_LOW_LIMIT_ERR
    Bit 3: FGP_LOW_LIMIT_ERR
    Bit 4: BATTERY_VOLT_HIGH_ERR
    Bit 5: FGT_HIGH_LIMIT_ERR
    Bit 6: DELTA_P_HIGH_LIMIT_ERR
    Bit 7: FGP_HIGH_LIMIT_ERR
Byte 6
    Bit 0: RESERVED
    Bit 1: WATCHDOG RESET
    Bit 2: RESERVED
    Bit 3: RESERVED
    Bit 4: CAN_FLOW_DEMAND_FAILED
    Bit 5: RESERVED
    Bit 6: TECJECT_SHUTDOWN
    Bit 7: TECJET_INTERNAL_FAULT
Byte 7
    Bit 0: RESERVED
    Bit 1: KEYSWITCH_STATE
    Bit 2: RESERVED
    Bit 3: RESERVED
    Bit 4: RESERVED
    Bit 5: RESERVED
    Bit 6: RESERVED
```

Bit 7: RESERVED

Byte 8

Bit 0: RESERVED Bit 1: RESERVED Bit 2: RESERVED Bit 3: RESERVED Bit 4: RESERVED Bit 5: RESERVED Bit 6: RESERVED Bit 7: RESERVED

Receive PDO 1 - Gaseous Fuel Command

Maximum Reception rate: 3 ms (Engine Control to TecJet 50+) Message type = "ASYNC" (does not require SYNC message)

Timeout: If Flow demand via CAN, the timeout for this message is adjustable

from 10 to 10,000 ms.

COB Id: 530 (0x212) default for Node Id = 18. All others 512+Node Id. Node ID = 18 (default address of TecJet when configured as TecJet #1)

Data length: 8 bytes

Bytes 1,2: Fuel specific gravity

Data length: 16 bits, integer

Resolution: 0.0001/bit, 0 offset (multiply by 10,000 before sending) 0.3101 to 2.0 (3101 to 20000 as scaled for transmission) Range: Upon receipt of this message if the specific gravity is within the allowed range, the TecJet+ is updated.

The CAN data received is divided by 10,000 and multiplied by the density of air. 1290.0 g/m³ to get Normalized Density.

Bytes 3, 4: Ratio of Specific Heats (K) Data length: 16 bits, integer

Resolution: 0.0001/bit, 0 offset (multiply by 10,000 before sending) Range: 1.0001 to 2.0 (10001 to 20000 as scaled for transmission) Upon receipt of this message if the value is within the allowed range, the

TecJet+ will be updated with the raw data divided by 10,000.

If CAN data has not been received during the current power cycle, a default parameter, K will be used as configured by the service tool.

Bytes: 5-8 Fuel Flow Rate

Data length: 4 bytes, unsigned

0.0002778 L/sec/bit. 0 offset Resolution: (Divide by 3600 to recover L/sec value) 0 to 1169744.78194 L/sec Range:

If the received flow demand is 0.00 or greater than 1169.74478194 L/sec,

the valve will be closed.

If the TecJet is configured to expect the Flow Command via PWM, the Flow Command in this message will be ignored. It can have any value since it will be completely ignored in that case.

CANopen Data Summary

PDO Summary

Node/PDO represents the Node ID + PDO combination from the standard connection set.

Nome	CANopen		
Name	Node/PDO	Location	Туре
Fuel specific gravity	18/1(R)	Bytes 1-2	UINT16
Ratio of Specific Heats	18/1(R)	Bytes 3-4	UINT16
Fuel Flow Rate	18/1(R)	Bytes 5-8	UINT32
Actual Fuel Valve Position	18/1(T)	Byte 1	UINT8
Desired Fuel Valve Position	18/1(T)	Byte 2	UINT8
Absolute Inlet Gas Pressure	18/1(T)	Bytes 3-4	UINT16
Absolute Outlet to Inlet Gas Pressure Differential	18/1(T)	Bytes 5-6	UINT16
Fuel Temperature	18/1(T)	Byte 7	UINT8
Gaseous Fuel Flow-Desired	18/2(T)	Bytes 1-4	UINT32
Gaseous Fuel Flow-Calculated	18/2(T)	Bytes 5-8	UINT32
Diagnostic Byte 1	18/3(T)	Byte 1	BYTE
Diagnostic Byte 2	18/3(T)	Byte 2	BYTE
Diagnostic Byte 3	18/3(T)	Byte 3	BYTE
Diagnostic Byte 4	18/3(T)	Byte 4	BYTE
Diagnostic Byte 5	18/3(T)	Byte 5	BYTE
Diagnostic Byte 6	18/3(T)	Byte 6	BYTE
Diagnostic Byte 7	18/3(T)	Byte 7	BYTE
Diagnostic Byte 8	18/3(T)	Byte 8	BYTE

Position Hold Feature



This feature should only be used by qualified engine operators. This feature will hold the valve at the desired position regardless of the fuel demand from the engine controller, which could result in unexpected engine operation.

The TecJet 52 has a position hold feature for use in analyzing or troubleshooting engine system operation. This allows qualified operators to bypass the normal flow control function and specify a fixed valve position. This mode is accessed in the Service Tool using the Tools → Position Hold menu.

The current valve position is displayed in the Position Hold dialog box. The valve remains in flow control mode while the Enable Position Hold check-box is unchecked. After the desired position is entered in the Position Hold Setting, checking the Enable Position Hold check-box causes the valve to operate in position hold mode where the valve position is controlled at the Position Hold Setting value. Un-checking the Enable Position Hold check-box restores normal flow control operation. Pressing OK closes the Position Hold window without changing the position hold settings. Position Hold is automatically disabled after 10 minutes. It is also disabled if the service tool connection is lost for more than 10 seconds.

The Position Hold feature requires a valid flow command for position hold to function. The command is not used for positioning, but in order to control the position, the flow command must be valid. The position limiter function is also active so it may not be possible to achieve the desired position without increasing the flow demand. See the section "Position Limiter" earlier in this chapter. To avoid confusion, it is recommended to first achieve the desired flow, note the position, enter this position into the Position Hold setting and then activate the Position Hold feature. This process will avoid interaction with the Position Limiter unless the fuel pressure changes.

General Specifications

Electrical Input Characteristics

Input Voltage Range: 18–32 Vdc

Maximum Steady State

Input Current: 1 A at 24 Vdc

Maximum Transient

Input Current: 3.75 A at 24 Vdc

Mechanical Characteristics

Valve Maximum Effective Area:

1440 mm² (2.235 in²)

Valve Minimum Effective Area:

15.5 mm² (0.024 in²)

See section on valve sizing for detailed

information.

Weight: 33.1 lbs [15.0 kg]

34.6 lbs [15.7 kg] with optional mounting support

Mounting: See installation drawings (Figures 1-1, 1-2, 1-3)

Fuel connections

Filter Requirements: less than 50.0 µm

See outline drawings for additional details.

Dynamics

Position Response: Bandwidth at \pm 0.5% amplitude >= 8 Hz at \pm 3

db (24 V supply)

Bandwidth at +/- 2% amplitude >= 15 Hz at -3 db

(24 V supply)

Step Response Slew Time: < 0.040 ms for a 10–90% and 90–10% step (24 V

supply)

Overshoot: < 2% of the step

Flow Demand Response: Flow demand to position demand has latency of

< 4.5 ms

Pressure Change Rejection: Same as demanded flow response with addition

of 10 ms lag on P1 measurement, 100 ms lag on

delta pressure

Environmental

EMC EN61000-6-2 (2005): Immunity for Industrial Environments EN61000-6-4 (2001): Emissions for Industrial Environments

Fuel Type

The TecJet 52 operates on gases ranging from pipeline quality natural gas to specialty gas (such as landfill, digester, or other biogases). The TecJet 52 operates on gases ranging from pipeline quality natural gas to propane. Proper application of the valve for fuel flow, FGP, energy content, etc., is the responsibility of the OEM/packager/customer. The fuel gas flowing through the valve can consist of the following compounds with limits if they apply:

Component Specification

Gaseous hydrocarbons

(methane, ethane, propane, etc.): No limit

Carbon monoxide: No limit
Carbon dioxide: No limit
Hydrogen: <10%
Oxygen: No limit
Nitrogen: No limit

Sulfur compounds including hydrogen sulfide:

< 500 mg/10 kWh (< 2000 mg/10 kWh)

Chlorine and fluorine compounds

(typically chlorofluorocarbons): < 100 mg/10 kWh

(< 400 mg/10 kWh)

Silicon: < 5 mg/10 kWh

(< 20 mg/10 kWh)

Ammonia: < 50 mg/10 kWh

Oil or hydrocarbons in liquid

(mist form): < 5 mg/10 kWh

Fine particulates, including silicon

(less than 1.0 μ m): < 3 mg/10 kWh

Overall the gas Specific Gravity should be between 0.4 and 2.0 for the TecJet 52. The energy content should be between 1 and 9.5 kWh/nm³. The values in () are allowed, but may result in reduced valve life. The above fuel limits can be converted to ppm by multiplying the given number by the LHV of the fuel in question, then dividing by 36. The LHV must be in units of MJ/kg.

Pressures

Inlet fuel gas pressure (FGP) should normally be between 876 and 1289 mbar absolute. Keep in mind that for a given gauge FGP value, absolute FGP will decrease with increasing altitude above sea level. The Inlet FGP sensor will compensate for barometric pressure to 3000 m. Pressures below 876 mbar are allowed at high load operation assuming that the gas differential pressure requirements are still met.

The TecJet 52 fuel gas differential pressure (delta-p) should be between 69 and 345 mbar. Delta-p below this range is allowed during cranking and idle conditions, but accuracy of the valve will be reduced. For delta-p above 276 mbar, flow accuracy will also decrease, and a reduction in valve stability may occur. Refer to the Accuracy section later in this chapter for further details.

Minimum proof pressure for the TecJet 52 is 0.52 bar gauge. Minimum burst pressure for the TecJet 52 is 1.72 bar gauge.

Temperature

The following are the temperature specifications for the TecJet 52:

Steady State Ambient Temperature: -20 to +85 °C (-4 to 185 °F)
 Long Term Storage Temperature: -40 to +45 °C (-40 to +113 °F)*
 Short Term Storage Temperature: -40 to +105 °C (-40 to +221 °F) *

Fuel Gas Inlet Temperature: 0 to 85 °C (32 to 185 °F)

Vibration and Shock

Random Vibration: Exceeds WGC RV2, 10-2000 Hz @ 0.1 G²/Hz (12.8

Grms)

Shock: Per US MIL-STD-810C, Method 516.2, Procedure 1,

(40 g)

Ingress Protection

IP56 per IEC 60529, (Dust ingress, water ingress)

Flow Characteristics

Accuracy

The TecJet 52 meters fuel accurately such that the engine starts consistently and accelerates smoothly to idle speed. The required fuel delivery up to 7% of valve maximum rated effective area is within $\pm 20\%$ of the mass flow demand. Throughout the load range, from idle to 100% load, the TecJet 52 regulates the fuel delivery accurately relative to the fuel flow demand in order to reduce combustion emissions and protect the engine against detonation. The accuracy is within $\pm 10\%$ of the mass flow demand from >7% to 25% of valve maximum rated effective area and within $\pm 6\%$ of the mass flow demand above 25% of valve maximum rated effective area.

For delta-p above 275 mbar, an additional 1.5%, 1%, and 0.5%, respectively, should be added to the accuracy values stated above. Delta pressure below the minimum specified delta pressure would also significantly affect the accuracy values stated above.

^{*} The unit is un-powered during storage temperature.

Chapter 4. Valve Sizing

Figures 4-1 through 4-4 show the maximum and minimum amounts of gas that the TecJet 52 will flow as a function of pressure differential in kPa(d). Figures 4-1 and 4-2 indicate flow values for specialty gas, while Figures 4-3 and 4-4 indicate flow values for natural gas. Plots for the TecJet 110 and the TecJet 50 Plus are also shown for comparison purposes.

Comparing the TecJet 52 vs Application Maximum Flow Rate

Choose the correct graph depending on your application flow media. Determine the maximum flow rate for your application in a metric mass flow rate (kg/h). Increase this value by 15% to ensure that the TecJet 52 will handle the maximum flow requirement under all conditions. Find this increased flow value on the left-side Y-axis of the graph. Next, determine the approximate valve pressure drop at the actual maximum flow for your application. Locate this value on the X-axis of the graph. Metric [kPa(d)] units are provided. Note that the graphs assume the application outlet pressure is at sea level atmospheric pressure. Take the increased flow rate value and the pressure drop value, and determine where they cross on the graph. This is the maximum flow operating point for your application. This point should fall below the maximum flow plot for the valve in question.

Comparing the TecJet 52 vs Application Minimum Flow Rate

Choose the correct graph depending on your application flow media. Determine the minimum flow rate for your application in a metric mass flow rate (kg/h). Reduced this value by 10% to ensure that the TecJet 52 will handle the minimum flow requirement under all conditions. Find this reduced flow value on the right-side Y-axis of the graph. Next, determine the approximate valve pressure drop at the actual minimum flow for your application. Locate this value on the X-axis of the graph. Metric [kPa(d)] units are provided. Note that the graphs assume the application outlet pressure is at sea level atmospheric pressure. Take the reduced flow rate value and the pressure drop value, and determine where they cross on the graph. This is the minimum flow operating point for your application. This point should fall above the minimum flow plot for the valve in question.

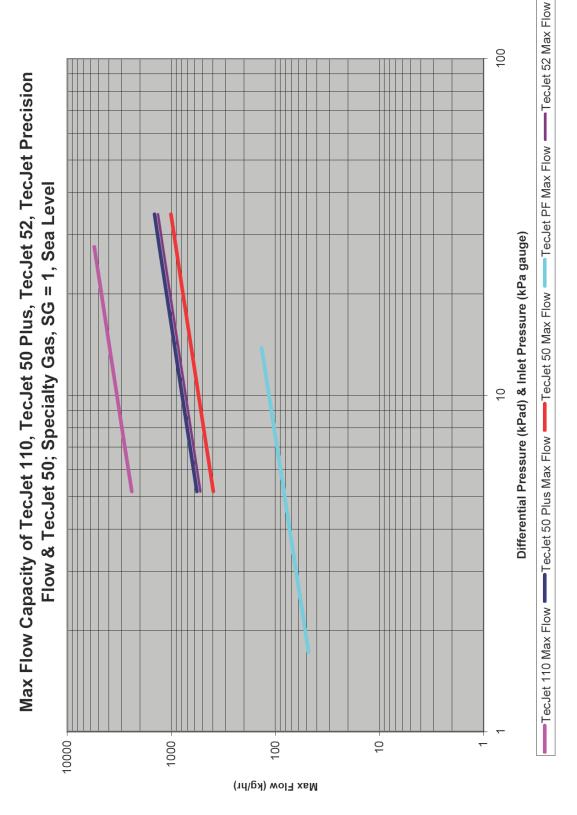


Figure 4-1. Maximum Specialty Gas Flow Capacity of TecJet 52, 50 Plus,
Precision Flow, 50, and 110
(Specialty Gas, SG=1, Sea Level)

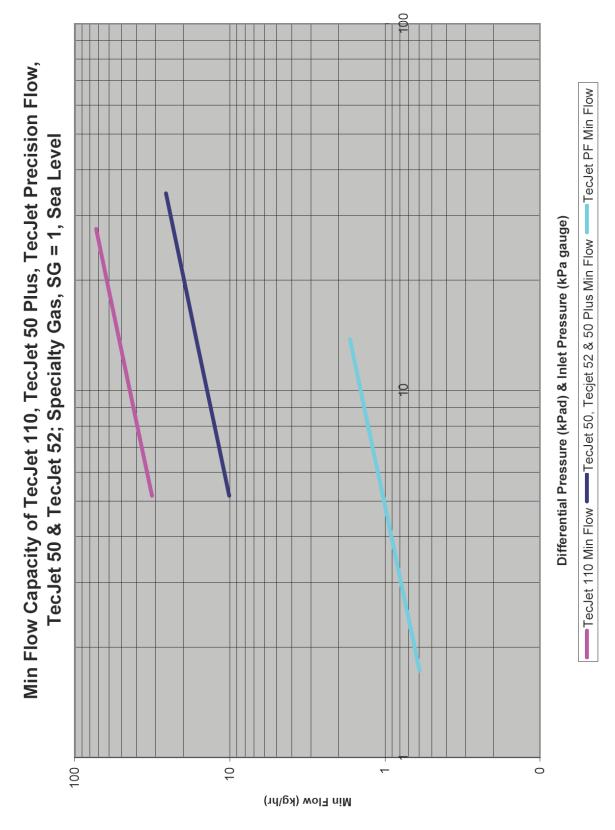


Figure 4-2. Minimum Specialty Gas Flow Capacity of TecJet 52, 50 Plus, Precision Flow, 50, and 110 (Specialty Gas, SG=1, Sea Level)

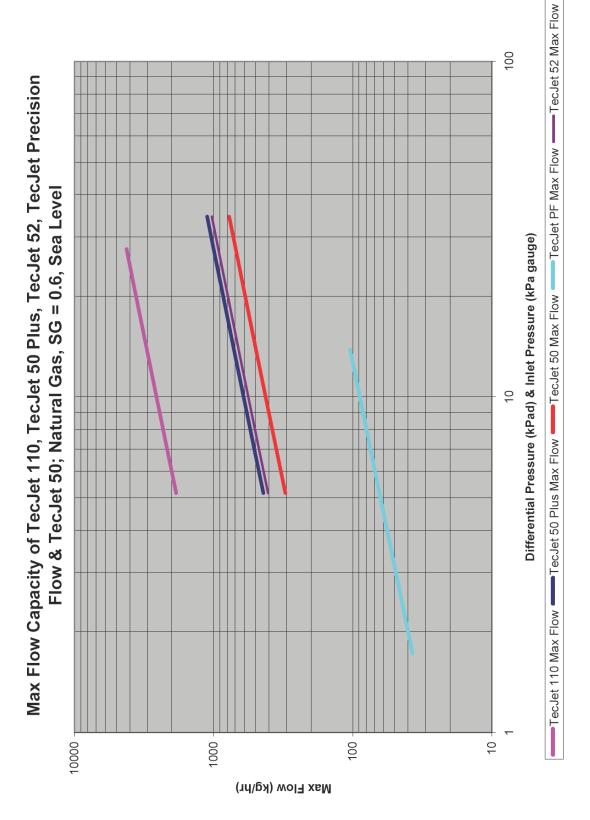


Figure 4-3. Maximum Natural Gas Flow Capacity of TecJet 52, 50 Plus, Precision Flow, 50, and 110 (Natural Gas, SG=0.6, Sea Level)

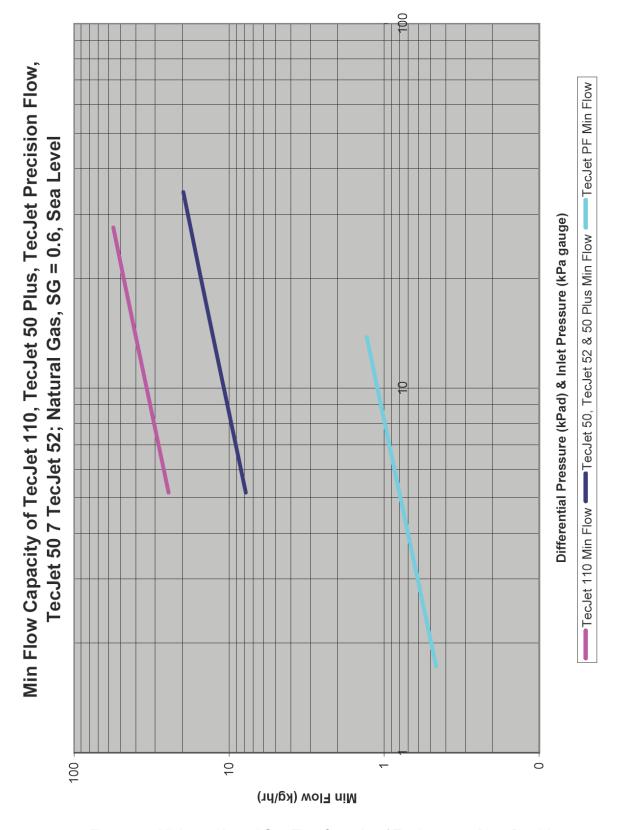


Figure 4-4. Minimum Natural Gas Flow Capacity of TecJet 52, 50 Plus, Precision Flow, 50, and 110 (Natural Gas, SG=0.6, Sea Level)

Chapter 5. Service Tool

Overview

The Service Tool software is used to configure, setup, and troubleshoot the TecJet 52 control. This chapter describes the installation and use of the TecJet Service Tool and provides detailed instructions for configuring and setting up the TecJet 52 control for customer-specific applications.



Many TecJet 52 units are delivered pre-configured and calibrated with OEM specific settings. These units do not require the use of the Service Tool. However, the Service Tool is a valuable troubleshooting aid.

Description

The TecJet Service Tool software resides on a PC (personal computer) and communicates to the TecJet 52 control via RS-232 connection. An external TTL to RS-232 transceiver (Woodward P/N 1249-1039) is needed to make possible communications with the Woodward TecJet Service Tool. This works best if it is wired into the harness within 18 inches (1 meter max) of the TecJet 52 control.

A communication harness kit can also be purchased from Woodward (one each of Woodward P/N 1249-1120 and 1249-1039). See Figure 5-1 for the communication harness connections.

The communication harness kit is a service port adaptor and is not intended to remain in the engine wiring harness during normal operation (only during engine setup). To use this adaptor, a 9-pin straight-through serial cable is needed between the harness transceiver RS-232 port and the PC. This serial cable must include ALL conductors. If it is limited to only pins 2, 3, and 5, it will not function correctly with the adaptor.

Installation

The TecJet Service Tool is available at www.woodward.com/software. Select software product "TecJet Service Tool". Follow the installation instructions given on that page.



An unsafe condition could occur with improper use of these software tools. Only trained personnel should have access to these tools.

System Requirements

The following hardware is required to work with the TecJet 52 control:

- PC-compatible laptop or desktop computer
 - Microsoft Windows XP, 2000, NT 4.0 Service Pack 6a, Me, or 98
 - o 300 MHz Pentium CPU
 - o 64 MB of RAM
 - o Minimum 800 by 600 pixel screen with 256 colors
- Serial Port
- Serial Extension Cable
- · Communication/data link harness.

What to do next

After the software is installed, install the communication harness and connect a straight-through 9-pin serial communications cable between the converter RS-232 port and an unused serial port on your computer. Power must be applied to the TecJet 52 control for the Service Tool to connect.

Run the Service Tool program and, when prompted, select an available com port. This will connect the Service Tool to the TecJet 52 control. Once connected to the control, the Overview screen (Figure 5-2) will open and populate with current values and the status bar will display 'connected'. The TecJet 52 Demand Source and active Control Status messages are also displayed in an area common to all screens.

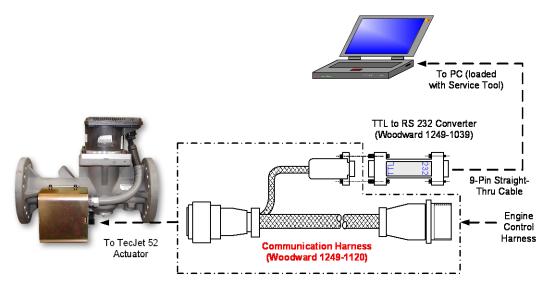


Figure 5-1. Communication- Harness Connections

NOTICE

There is a potential for serial port damage when communicating with the TecJet 52 control. This is caused by a difference in AC voltage between neutral and earth ground. If the PC RS-232 port ground is referenced to AC neutral, and the TecJet 52 control is referenced to battery ground (AC earth ground), a large amount of current can be experienced. To avoid this situation, we strongly recommend placing an isolation transformer between the AC outlet and the PC or run a laptop with the AC power disconnected.

Service Tool Help

Online Service Tool help is available and included with the installation of the Service Tool product. Help can be accessed from the Service Tool 'Help' menu located on the main screen

Service Tool Security

There are no password security levels provided by the TecJet Service Tool.

Troubleshooting the Driver

The Service Tool has six (6) screens for troubleshooting driver parameters:

- Overview (Figure 5-2)
- Troubleshooting (Figure 5-3)
- Warnings (Figure 5-4)
- Errors (Figure 5-5)
- Configuration (Figure 5-6)
- Identification (Figure 5-7)

Screen Navigation

Service Tool screens can be selected for viewing by clicking the various tabs provided on the main and edit configuration screens.

Overview Screen

The Overview screen is the default screen that opens when connecting the TecJet Service Tool to the TecJet 52 control. The Overview screen displays TecJet 52 flow parameters and the valve position. The status bar, common to all screens, displays the communication, warning and error status. The triangular warning symbol turns yellow with a warning is active. The round error symbol turns red with an error is active.

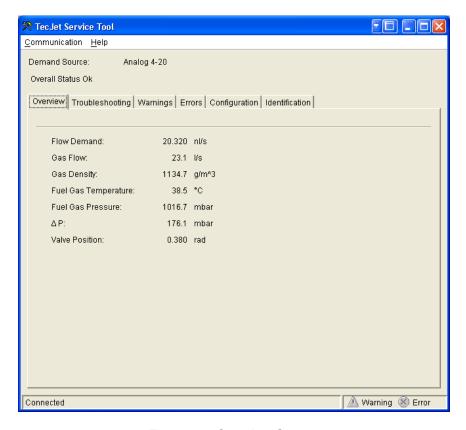


Figure 5-2. Overview Screen

Flow Demand

Displayed value of the flow demand input, in normal liters/second.

Gas Flow

Displayed value of the gas flow, in liters/second, at FGT and FGP.

Gas Density

Displayed value of the gas density, in grams/cubic meter, at FGT and FGP.

Fuel Gas Temperature (FGT)

Displayed value of the inlet fuel gas temperature, in degrees Celsius.

Fuel Gas Pressure (FGP)

Displayed value of the inlet fuel gas pressure, in millibar absolute.

۸P

Displayed value of the valve differential pressure, in millibar differential.

Valve Position

Displayed value of the valve position, in radians.

Troubleshooting Screen

Select the Troubleshooting tab to view general TecJet 52 control parameters. This screen dynamically populates based on the TecJet 52 configuration. If a function is not programmed, then it will not appear. The analog configuration is shown here.

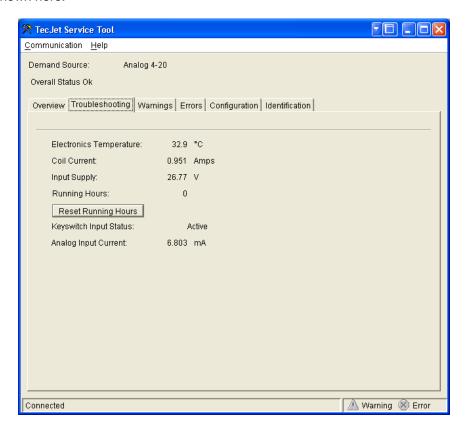


Figure 5-3. Troubleshooting Screen

Electronics Temperature

Displayed value of the electronics temperature sensor, in degrees Celsius.

Coil Current

Displayed value of the estimated actuator coil current, in amperes.

Input Supply

Displayed value of the input power, in volts.

Running Hours

Displayed value of the running hours.

Reset Running Hours

To reset the running hours to zero, click the 'Reset Running Hours' button.

Keyswitch Input Status

Displayed status of the keyswitch input. Value is active or inactive.

PWM Frequency (PWM Demand Source Configuration Only)

Displayed value of the PWM input frequency, in hertz.

PWM Duty Cycle

Displayed value of the PWM input duty cycle, in %.

Analog Input Current (Analog Demand Source Configuration Only)

Displayed value of the analog input, in milliamps.

CAN Status

Displayed value of the CAN status (e.g., error passive, stuff error, etc.)

Reset CAN Status

To clear the displayed CAN status, click the 'Reset CAN Status' button.

CAN Id

Displayed value of the CAN identification number. Value is 1, 2, 3 or 4.

CAN Rx Error Count

Displayed value of the CAN receive error counter.

CAN Tx Error Count

Displayed value of the CAN transmit error counter.

Warnings Screen

Select the Warnings tab to view TecJet 52 active or previously active warning conditions. Warnings indicate a problem has occurred that needs attention but the valve attempts continued operation. This screen dynamically populates based on the TecJet 52 configuration. If a function is not programmed, then it will not appear. A Reset Warnings button is provided to clear inactive warnings.

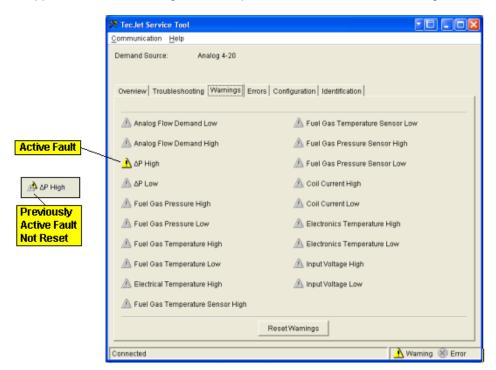


Figure 5-4. Warnings Screen



Refer to Troubleshooting, Chapter 6, for a description of each displayed Warning plus possible causes and remedial actions.

Errors Screen

Select the Errors tab to view active TecJet 52 error conditions. Errors indicate a serious problem has occurred and the valve is not able to operate. This screen dynamically populates based on the TecJet 52 configuration. If a function is not programmed, then it will not appear. A Reset Logged Faults button is provided to clear inactive faults. Active faults can only be cleared with a power cycle.

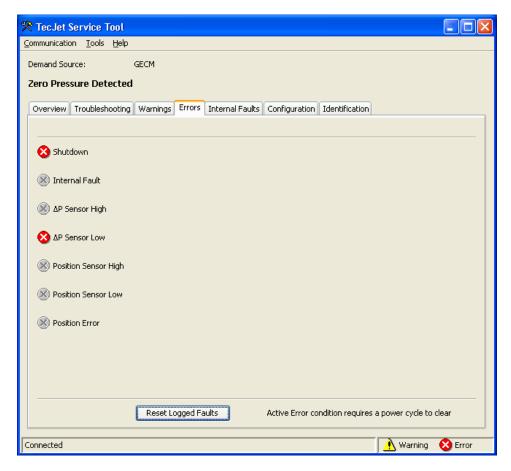


Figure 5-5a. Errors Screen Before Power Cycle

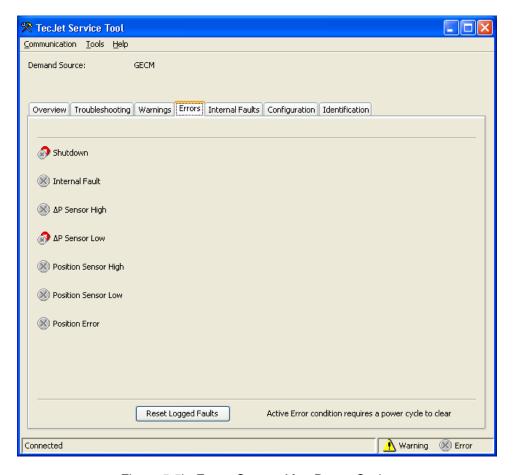


Figure 5-5b. Errors Screen After Power Cycle

Shutdown

Indicates the valve is closed or attempting to close due to a detected error.

Internal Fault

Indicates an internal fault has occurred that prevents normal operation of the valve.

ΔP Sensor High

Indicates the Delta Pressure value has exceeded the delta pressure sensor's electrical high limit threshold.

ΔP Sensor Low

Indicates the Delta Pressure value has exceeded the delta pressure sensor's electrical low limit threshold.

Position Sensor High

Indicates that the Valve Position value has exceeded the position sensor's electrical high limit threshold.

Position Sensor Low

Indicates that the Valve Position value has exceeded the position sensor's electrical low limit threshold.

Position Error

Indicates the position feedback is not following the position demand. Position Error detection logic is designed to account for normal actuator response times to prevent unwarranted position error indications during transient conditions.

J1939 Address Claim Failed (EGS-02 Demand Source Configuration Only) Indicates the control cannot claim the Source Address. Another control with a higher priority is claiming the address.



The TecJet 52 valve will not attempt to operate again, following a detected error, until power to the valve is cycled. If an error persists, the valve must be replaced.

Configuration Screen

Select the Configuration tab to view the TecJet 52 configuration. This screen dynamically populates based on the existing TecJet 52 configuration. If a function is not programmed, then it will not appear. The configuration settings are grouped into 4 or 5 sub-screens. Select a sub-tab to view the configuration settings for that group.

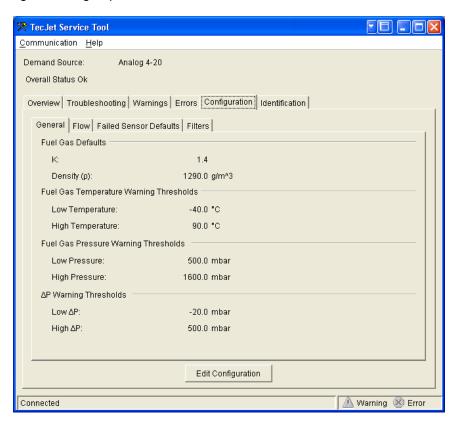


Figure 5-6. Configuration Screen

Identification Screen

Select the Identification tab to view TecJet 52 identification information.

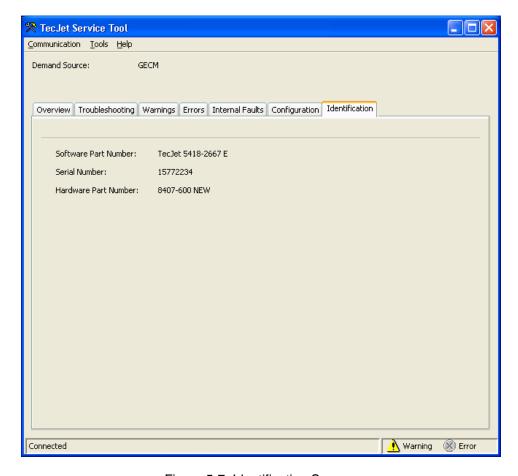


Figure 5-7. Identification Screen

Software Part Number

Displayed software part number and revision letter.

Serial Number

Displayed TecJet 52 valve serial number.

Hardware Part Number

Displayed TecJet 52 valve part number and revision letter.

Configuring the Driver

The Service Tool has six (6) screens for editing the driver configuration:

- Edit TecJet Configuration, Demand Source (Figure 5-8)
- Edit TecJet Configuration, General (Figure 5-9)
- Edit TecJet Configuration, Flow (Figure 5-10a, 10b, 10c)
- Edit TecJet Configuration, Failed Sensor Defaults (Figure 5-11)
- Edit TecJet Configuration, Filters (Figure 5-12)
- Edit TecJet Configuration, CAN (Figure 5-13a, 13b)

Edit Configuration

To change the TecJet 52 configuration, click the Edit Configuration button on the Configuration screen (see Figure 5-6).



This opens an Edit TecJet Configuration screen, (e.g., Figure 5-8), to permit driver configuration setting changes. The configuration settings are provided in a common area of the Edit TecJet Configuration screen and on several tabbed screens.



Configuration changes will not take effect until they are loaded to the control. Review ALL settings shown on ALL tabbed Edit TecJet Configuration screens to verify all configuration settings are correct before loading the settings to the control.

Edit TecJet Configuration, Demand Source

The Demand Source configuration appears in a common area of the Edit TecJet Configuration screen.

To configure the Demand Source, click the radio button adjacent to the desired demand source from those listed. This selection dynamically populates the remaining tabbed configuration screens. If a function is not applicable to the configured demand source, then it will not appear.

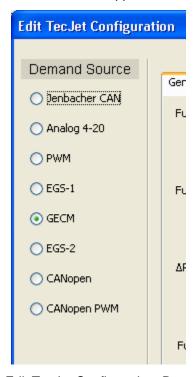


Figure 5-8. Edit TecJet Configuration, Demand Source

Jenbacher CAN

Sets the Demand Source for a Jenbacher CAN input signal.

Analog 4-20

Sets the Demand Source for an Analog 4–20 mA input signal.

PWM

Sets the Demand Source for a PWM input signal.

EGS-01

Sets the Demand Source for a Woodward EGS-01 control input signal.

GECM

Sets the Demand Source for a GECM input signal.

FGS-02

Sets the Demand Source for a Woodward EGS-02 control input signal

CANopen

Sets the Demand Source for a CANopen control input signal.

CANopen PWM

Sets the Demand Source for a CANopen control input signal (primary) with a PWM backup.

Edit TecJet Configuration, General

This is an edit screen for general control configuration settings. To change a value, highlight the value and type the desired value. The status bar displays the valid adjustable range for the highlighted value.

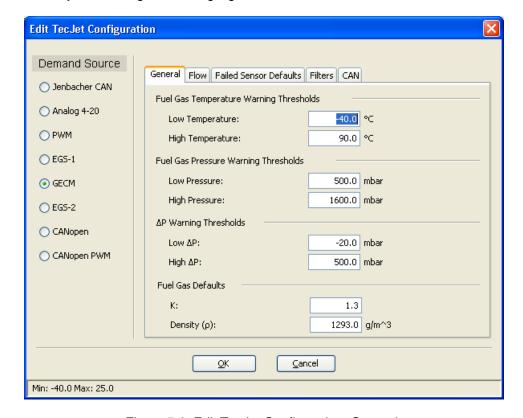


Figure 5-9. Edit TecJet Configuration, General

K

Sets the fuel gas ratio of specific heats used by the flow algorithm when values are not received on the CAN bus or when CAN is not configured.

Adjustable Range: 1.0 to 2.0

Density (ρ)

Sets the fuel gas normal density, in grams/cubic meter at flowing temperature (FGT) and pressure (FGP), used by the flow algorithm when values are not received on the CAN bus or when CAN is not configured.

Adjustable Range: 400.0 to 2600.0 g/m³

Low Temperature

Sets the temperature, in ${}^{\circ}\text{C}$, which triggers a Fuel Gas Temperature Low warning indication.

Adjustable range: -40 to 25° C

High Temperature

Sets the temperature, in ^oC, which triggers a Fuel Gas Temperature High warning indication.

Adjustable range: 25 to 90° C

Low Pressure

Sets the pressure, in millibar, which triggers a Fuel Gas Pressure Low warning indication.

Adjustable range: 0 to 1600 mbar

High Pressure

Sets the pressure, in millibar, which triggers a Fuel Gas Pressure High warning indication.

Adjustable range: 0 to 1600 mbar

Low ΔP

Sets the differential pressure, in millibar, which triggers a ΔP Low warning indication.

Adjustable range: 0 to 1600 mbar

High ΔP

Sets the pressure, in millibar, which triggers a ΔP High warning indication. Adjustable range: 0 to 1600 mbar

Edit TecJet Configuration, Flow

This screen provides for editing the Flow configuration settings used by the control. This screen dynamically populates based on the Demand Source configuration. If a parameter is not applicable for the configured demand source, then it will not appear. To change a value, highlight the value and type the desired value. The status bar displays the valid adjustable range for the highlighted value.

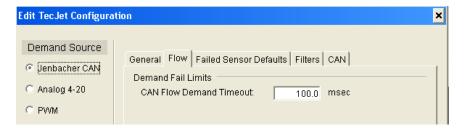


Figure 5-10a. Edit TecJet Configuration, Flow (CAN Demand)

CAN Flow Demand Timeout

Sets the timeout period, in milliseconds, which triggers a CAN Flow Demand Failed warning.

Adjustable range: 10.0 to 10000.0 ms

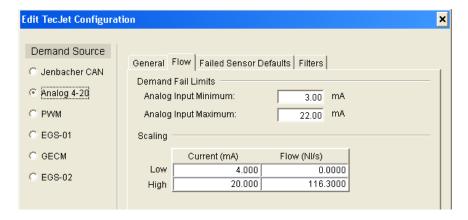


Figure 5-10b. Edit TecJet Configuration, Flow (Analog Demand)

Analog Input Minimum

Sets the current, in milliamps, which triggers an Analog Flow Demand Low warning.

Adjustable range: 0-22 mA

Analog Input Maximum

Sets the current, in milliamps, which triggers an Analog Flow Demand High warning.

Adjustable range: 0-22 mA

Scaling

Sets the low and high values for scaling the analog demand source versus fuel flow. The current range set by the scaling/low/current and scaling/high/current settings will cause the TecJet 52 valve to deliver the corresponding fuel flow set by the scaling/low/flow and scaling/high/flow settings. Intermediate values are linear with between these low and high settings.

Scaling, Current, Low

Sets the current, in milliamps, which corresponds to the Low Flow setting. Adjustable range: 3-22 mA

Scaling, Current, High

Sets the current, in milliamps, which corresponds to the High Flow setting. Adjustable range: 3-22 mA

Scaling, Flow, Low

Sets the flow, in normal liters/second, for the corresponding Low Current setting.

Adjustable range: 0-2000 NI/s

Scaling, Flow, High

Sets the flow, in normal liters/second, for the corresponding High Current setting.

Adjustable range: 0-2000 NI/s

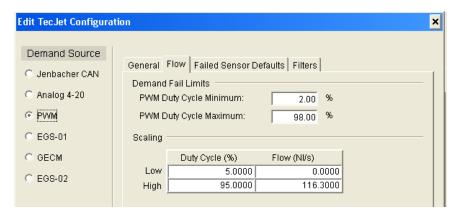


Figure 5-10c. Edit TecJet Configuration, Flow (PWM Demand)

PWM Duty Cycle Minimum

Sets the PWM duty cycle, in percent, which triggers a PWM Flow Demand Low warning.

Adjustable range: 2-50 %

PWM Duty Cycle Maximum

Sets the PWM duty cycle, in percent, which triggers a PWM Flow Demand High warning.

Adjustable range: 50-98%

Scaling

Sets the low and high values for scaling the PWM demand source versus fuel flow. The duty cycle range set by the scaling/low/duty cycle and scaling/high/duty cycle settings will cause the TecJet 52 valve to deliver the corresponding fuel flow set by the scaling/low/flow and scaling/high/flow settings. Intermediate values are linear with between these low and high settings.

Scaling, Duty Cycle, Low

Sets the PWM duty cycle, which corresponds to the Low Flow setting. Adjustable range: 5-95 %

Scaling, Duty Cycle, High

Sets the PWM duty cycle, which corresponds to the High Flow setting. Adjustable range: 5-95 %

Scaling, Flow, Low

Sets the flow, in normal liters/second, for the corresponding Low Duty Cycle setting.

Adjustable range: 0-2000 NI/s

Scaling, Flow, High

Sets the flow, in normal liters/second, for the corresponding High Duty Cycle setting.

Adjustable range: 0-2000 NI/s

Edit TecJet Configuration, Failed Sensor Defaults

This screen provides for editing the Failed Sensor Default configuration settings used by the control in the event a sensor input fails. To change a value, highlight the value and type the desired value. The status bar displays the valid adjustable range for the highlighted value.

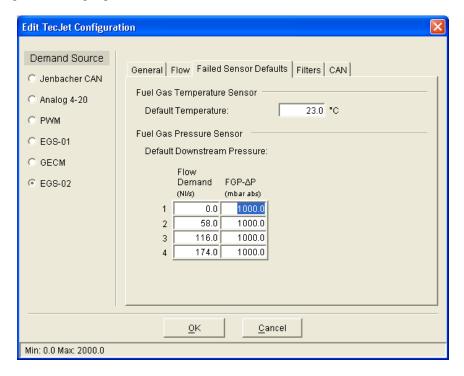


Figure 5-11. Edit TecJet Configuration, Failed Sensor Defaults

Default Temperature

Sets the temperature, in °C, the control will use to continue operation upon failure of the fuel gas temperature sensor.

Adjustable range: 0 to 60 °C

Default Downstream Pressure

This sets an estimated pressure, in millibar absolute that the control will use to continue operation upon failure of the fuel gas pressure sensor.

Estimate is based on a 4-point curve of the flow demand, in normal liters/second, versus default downstream pressure, in millibar absolute. (Estimated FGP = Default Downstream Pressure + Δ P).

Flow Demand [1-4]

Sets the flow demand [1-4], in normal liters/second, which corresponds to the default downstream pressure setting.

Adjustable range: 0-2000 NI/s

• FGP- ΔP [1-4]

Sets the default downstream pressure [1-4], in mbar abs, for the corresponding flow demand [1-4] settings. Adjustable range: 0–2000 mbar abs

Edit TecJet Configuration, Filters

This screen provides for editing various input signal filter configuration settings. To change a value, highlight the value and type the desired value. The status bar displays the valid adjustable range for the highlighted value. The filters are provided for system troubleshooting purposes, and should be set to 0 in normal applications.

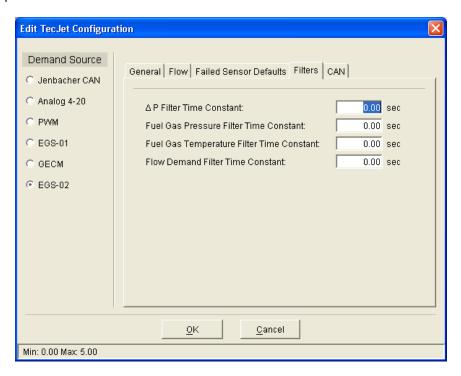


Figure 5-12. Edit TecJet Configuration, Filters

ΔP Filter Time Constant

Sets the Delta P sensor time constant. There is a single-pole lag between the delta P sensor and the flow algorithm.

Adjustable range: 0 to 5 sec

Fuel Gas Pressure Filter Time Constant

Sets the Fuel Gas Pressure sensor time constant. There is a single-pole lag between the fuel gas pressure sensor and the flow algorithm.

Adjustable range: 0 to 5 sec

Fuel Gas Temperature Filter Time Constant

Sets the Fuel Gas Temperature sensor time constant. There is a single-pole lag between the fuel gas temperature sensor and the flow algorithm. Adjustable range: 0 to 5 sec

Flow Demand Filter Time Constant

Sets the Flow Demand time constant. There is a single-pole lag between the flow demand value and the flow algorithm.

Adjustable range: 0 to 5 sec

Edit TecJet Configuration, CAN

This screen provides for editing CAN communication configuration settings. To select a 'Default' or 'User Configured' baud rate, click the radio button adjacent to the each choice.

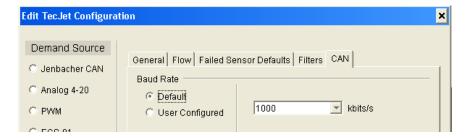


Figure 5-13a. Edit TecJet Configuration, CAN (Default)

Baud Rate, Default

Sets the default baud rate of the CAN communication in kbps. Adjustable range: 10, 50, 100, 125, 250, 500, or 1000 kbps.

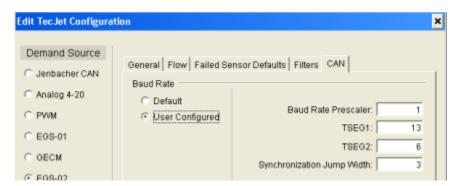


Figure 5-13b. Edit TecJet Configuration, CAN (User Configured)

Baud Rate, User Configured

Provides user settings for more flexible control of the CAN parameters. This option should be used by advanced users only. The baud rate of the CAN communication is calculated from these settings as follows:

Baud Rate = $40E6 / [(BRP + 1) \times (TSEG1 + TSEG2 + 1)]$

Baud Rate Prescaler (BRP)

Sets the baud rate prescaler in the CAN controller. Adjustable range: 0–255

• TSEG01

Sets the Tseg1 value in the CAN controller. Tseg1 combines the PROP_SEG and PHASE_SEG1 segments of the CAN protocol. Adjustable range: 3–16

• TSEG02

Sets the Tseg2 value in the CAN controller. Tseg2 defines the PHASE_SEG2 segment of the CAN protocol. Adjustable range: 2–8

• Synchronization Jump Width

Determines the synchronization jump width in the CAN controller. Adjustable range: 1–4

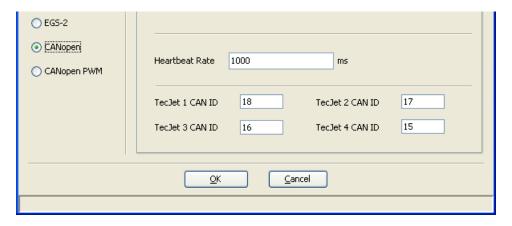


Figure 5-13c. Edit TecJet Configuration, CANopen

Heartbeat Rate

Sets the heartbeat producer time, in milliseconds, when CANopen is used.
 Adjustable range: 0–65535 ms

TecJet CAN ID

Provides device identifiers for TecJet 1-4, which is selected on power up based on the CAN ID HIGH and LOW inputs.

TecJet 1 CAN ID

Sets the device identifier used when device 1 is selected.

Adjustable range: 1-31

TecJet 2 CAN ID

Sets the device identifier used when device 2 is selected.

Adjustable range: 1-31

TecJet 3 CAN ID

Sets the device identifier used when device 3 is selected.

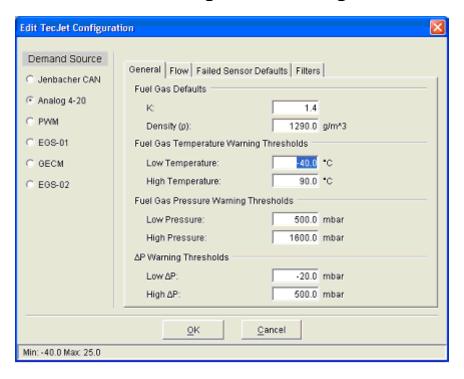
Adjustable range: 1-31

TecJet 4 CAN ID

Sets the device identifier used when device 4 is selected.

Adjustable range: 1–31

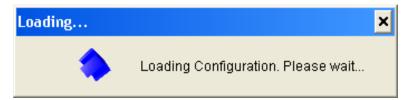
Load Configuration Settings



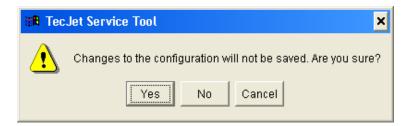


Review ALL settings shown on ALL tabbed Edit TecJet Configuration screens to verify that all configuration settings are correct before loading settings to the control. Configuration changes do not take effect until they are loaded to the control.

To load the configuration changes to the TecJet 52 control, click the 'OK' button on the Edit TecJet Configuration screen. A Loading Configuration message will appear to verify the configuration settings are being loaded to the control. The Edit TecJet Configuration screen closes after the settings are loaded.



Click the 'Cancel' button to exit the Edit TecJet Configuration screen without saving the configuration changes to the control. A message will appear asking for verification that the configuration changes are not to be saved to the control.



Chapter 6. Troubleshooting

The tables in this chapter refer to status indications, warnings, and errors that can be viewed on the service tool. See Chapter 5 for information on installing the service tool.



The actions described may not be appropriate for all situations. The operator should verify that any actions taken while troubleshooting will not take equipment outside of specification, and will not damage property or result in dangerous situations. Also check with the local safety authority.

STATUS INDICATIONS			
Status	Description	Possible Cause	Possible Actions
Flow Not Reached	The Flow demand is greater than the maximum flow possible for the present conditions.	Inlet Gas pressure and/or the pressure across the valve too low, excessive pressure drop in fuel system.	Check if the filters, valve(s) and other restrictions upstream of the TecJet 52 valve are clean and operating correctly.
		Inlet gas pressure and/or the pressure across the valve is too low, pressure regulator problem.	Adjust the inlet gas pressure to the correct value.
		Gas properties do not match used gas parameters	Verify the configured (Analog or PWM flow demand) or received (EGS CAN or Jenbacher CAN flow demand) gas parameters.
		The wrong size TecJet 52 has been chosen for this application.	Check the valve sizing for this engine.
Zero Pressure Detected	The differential pressure across the valve is less than 6 mbar.	Engine is not running, fuel pressure is not present at the valve inlet.	Status indication, no action required.
		Excessive pressure drop in fuel system.	Check if the filters, valve(s) and other restrictions upstream of the TecJet 52 valve are clean and operating correctly.
		Pressure regulator problem.	Adjust the inlet gas pressure to the correct value.
Zero Flow Detected (Flow demand source is received over CAN)	If the CAN Flow Demand Failed warning is not active, the received value is zero. If the CAN Flow Demand Failed warning is active, the time between flow demand messages exceeds the CAN flow demand timeout value. See the CAN Flow Demand Failed entry in the warnings section.	ECM is requesting zero flow.	Status indication, no action required.

	STATUS INDICATIONS		
Status	Description	Possible Cause	Possible Actions
Zero Flow Detected (Flow demand source is PWM)	If the PWM flow demand high/low warnings are not active, the flow demand is zero. If the PWM Flow Demand High or PWM Flow Demand Low warning is active, the flow demand is out of range. See the corresponding entries in the warnings section.	ECM is requesting zero flow.	Status indication, no action required.
Zero Flow Detected (Flow demand source is Analog 4–20)	If the Analog Flow Demand Low/High warnings are not active, the flow demand is zero. If the Analog Flow Demand Low or Analog Flow Demand High warning is active, the flow demand is out of range. See the corresponding entries in the warnings section.	ECM is requesting zero flow.	Status indication, no action required.

∴WAR	NING WARNINGS		
Warning	Description	Possible Cause	Possible Actions
Analog Flow Demand High	The analog flow demand exceeds the analog flow demand maximum fail limit.	Analog input wiring problem.	Check the analog input wiring for shorts, open connections and intermitted contacts.
		Analog input current is out of range.	Ensure that the analog input signal is within the configured range. The service tool displays the analog input current and the range limits.
Analog Flow Demand Low	The analog flow demand is below the analog flow demand minimum fail limit.	Analog input wiring problem.	Check the analog input wiring for shorts, open connections and intermitted contacts.
		Analog input current is out of range.	Ensure that the analog input signal is within the configured range. The service tool displays the analog input current and the range limits.

<u> </u>	NING WARNINGS		
Warning	Description	Possible Cause	Possible Actions
CAN Flow Demand Failed	The CAN flow demand is not being received. The	Incorrect TecJet 52 Number.	Check the CAN ID inputs to the valve.
	time between messages must be less than the CAN flow demand timeout value.	ECM is not sending Qgn messages, or is not sending messages to the correct TecJet 52 number.	Verify that the ECM is powered up and sending valid Qgn messages, and that the correct TecJet 52 ID numbers are selected.
		CAN termination problem.	Check if the CANbus has the right termination resistor connected at both ends of the bus.
		CAN wiring problem.	Check the CAN wiring for shorts, open connections, interchanged connections, and intermittent contacts.
		CAN noise problem.	Verify that the CAN wiring is installed according to the installation instruction
		CANbus incompatibility with ECM, e.g., baud rate.	Verify ECM CANbus compatibility.
		CAN traffic overload.	Verify that there is not excessive CAN traffic that has higher priority than the TecJet 52 flow demand message.
Delta P High	The Delta Pressure value exceeds the delta pressure high warning threshold.	Warning threshold improperly configured.	Configure warning threshold for value appropriate to the application.
		Pressure regulator adjusted too high.	Adjust pressure regulator.
Delta P Low	The Delta Pressure value is below the delta pressure low warning threshold.	Warning threshold improperly configured.	Configure warning threshold for value appropriate to the application.
		Valve is installed backwards.	Verify that gas flow is in the direction of the arrow on the valve.
Electrical Temperature High	The valve internal temperature has risen too high to allow full-power	Valve ambient temperature is too high.	Reduce ambient temperature.
9	operation. The torque available to move the valve is reduced and the valve may not meet specified performance levels.	Internal fault.	Replace the valve.
Electronics Temperature High	The internal electronics temperature sensor has failed to a high value. The valve may not reach specified performance.	Internal fault.	Replace the valve.
Electronics Temperature Low	The internal electronics temperature sensor has failed to a low value. The valve may not reach specified performance.	Internal fault.	Replace the valve.

∴WAR	NING WARNINGS		
Warning	Description	Possible Cause	Possible Actions
Fuel Gas Pressure High	The Fuel Gas Pressure value exceeds the fuel gas pressure high warning threshold.	Warning threshold improperly configured.	Configure warning threshold for value appropriate to the application.
	unestion.	Pressure regulator adjusted too high.	Adjust pressure regulator.
		Faulty or slow pressure regulator.	Verify proper pressure regulator operation.
Fuel Gas Pressure Low	The Fuel Gas Pressure value is below the fuel gas pressure low warning threshold.	Warning threshold improperly configured.	Configure warning threshold for value appropriate to the application and the elevation of the site.
		Improper engine shutdown sequence.	Verify proper engine shutdown sequence.
Fuel Gas Pressure Sensor High	The Fuel Gas Pressure sensor has failed to a high value. The fuel gas pressure value is derived from the default downstream pressure table instead.	Internal fault.	Replace valve.
Fuel Gas Pressure Sensor Low	The Fuel Gas Pressure sensor has failed to a low value. The fuel gas pressure value is derived from the default downstream pressure table instead.	Internal fault.	Replace valve.
Fuel Gas Temperature High	The Fuel Gas Temperature value exceeds the fuel gas temperature high warning threshold.	Warning threshold improperly configured.	Configure warning threshold for value appropriate to the application.
		Fuel temperature is above warning threshold.	Correct fuel temperature problem.
Fuel Gas Temperature Low	The Fuel Gas Temperature value is below the fuel gas temperature low warning threshold.	Warning threshold improperly configured.	Configure warning threshold for value appropriate to the application.
		Fuel temperature is below warning threshold.	Correct fuel temperature problem.
Fuel Gas Temperature Sensor High	The Fuel Gas Temperature sensor has failed to a high value and the default fuel gas temperature is being used instead.	Internal fault.	Replace valve.
Fuel Gas Temperature Sensor Low	The Fuel Gas Temperature sensor has failed to a low value and the default fuel gas temperature is being used instead.	Internal fault.	Replace valve.
Input Voltage High	The battery voltage seen by the valve is above the limit specified in the	Faulty battery or supply.	Check battery or supply for correct operation.
	manual.	Faulty or no battery charger.	Check battery charger for correct operation.
		Improper wiring.	Check wiring for correct size, length, contacts, fuses.

Warning	Description	Possible Cause	Possible Actions
Input Voltage Low	The battery voltage seen by the valve is below the limit specified in the	Faulty battery or supply.	Check battery or supply for correct operation.
	manual.	Faulty or no battery charger.	Check battery charger for correct operation.
		Improper wiring.	Check wiring for correct size, length, contacts, fuses.
PWM Flow Demand High	The PWM flow demand exceeds the PWM flow demand maximum duty cycle fail limit.	PWM wiring problem.	Check the PWM input wiring for shorts, open connections and intermitted contacts.
	cycle fail illin.	PWM frequency is out of range.	Verify that the PWM frequency from the ECM is within specified limits.
		PWM duty cycle is out of range.	Ensure that the PWM signal is within the configured range. The service tool displays the PWM frequency, duty cycle, and range limits.
PWM Flow Demand Low	The PWM flow demand is below the PWM flow demand minimum duty cycle fail limit.	PWM wiring problem.	Check the PWM input wiring for shorts, open connections and intermitted contacts.
		PWM frequency is out of range.	Verify that the PWM frequency from the ECM is within specified limits.
		PWM duty cycle is out of range.	Ensure that the PWM signal is within the configured range. The service tool displays the PWM frequency, duty cycle, and range limits.

	ERRORS
When an error occurs, the valve closes, if possible. It will not attempt to operate again until power to the	
valve is cycled. If the error persists, the	valve must be replaced.
Error	Description
Shutdown	One or more of the errors below is active.
Internal Error	The valve has detected an internal error that prevents it from
	operating.
Delta P Sensor High	The delta P sensor has failed to a high value.
Delta P Sensor Low	The delta P sensor has failed to a low value.
Position Sensor High	The position sensor has failed to a high value.
Position Sensor Low	The position sensor has failed to a low value.
Position Error	The actuator was not able to position the valve properly.
J1939 Address Claim Failed	The control cannot claim the Source Address. Another control with
	a higher priority is claiming the address.

Chapter 7. Maintenance

General

Build-up of deposits near the metering area of the TecJet 52 can develop depending on the quality of the gas being metered. This build-up can affect the performance of the TecJet 52 and may appear as degradation of actual flow vs command flow accuracy, or as flow control instability.

Limits of Applicability

Periodic cleaning may be performed and needed to ensure the best operation of the TecJet 52. It is the customer's responsibility to monitor the need for valid scheduled maintenance, as this will vary depending on the quality of the gas in the particular application.

The procedure below has been tested and validated for a particular gas environment (mineral deposits); the applicability to other gaseous environment needs to be validated by the OEM at the customer site.

Cleaning Procedure

When cleaning the metering element and the inside of the valve body, do not use sharp objects that may scrape or dent the metering elements, as this could degrade the accuracy of the valve. Any damage to the internal geometry of the TecJet 52, especially the valve plate or bore area around the valve plate, will change the calibration of the valve and void the warranty. High pressure washing is not recommended. There are no components of the TecJet 52 that are replaceable or serviceable. Make sure that the power is disconnected before removing the TecJet 52 main connector.

A petrochemical solvent is recommended to clean (wash and brush) the valve when minimal film/patina build up is observed.

In applications where solids (mineral deposits) are found in the gas, the following procedure should be used (this procedure can be performed at the site):

- Position the TecJet 52 in the fully open position.
- Place a plugged piece of tubing over the P1 probe to completely seal the probe.
- Place a plug in the P2 port to completely seal it.
- Cap/seal the inlet flange of the TecJet 52.
- Fill the TecJet 52 with a solution of 60 °C water and 2 tablespoons of Dawn (or equivalent) dishwashing detergent.
- Cap/seal the outlet flange of the TecJet 52.
- Leave soap solution in the TecJet 52 for 24 to 30 hours.
- Remove the cap/seal on the outlet flange of the TecJet 52.
- Dump the soap solution out of TecJet 52.
- Fill the TecJet 52 with fresh 60 °C tap water and move the water around in the valve bore with a long plastic rod or equivalent.
- Dump the rinse water out of the TecJet 52.

- Fill the TecJet 52 again with fresh 60 °C tap water and move the water around in the valve bore with a long plastic rod or equivalent.
- Dump the rinse water out of the TecJet 52.
- Remove the cap/seal on the inlet flange of the TecJet 52.
- Inspect the valve plate and bore area around the valve plate for any remaining contamination.
- Use a soft plastic brush, or equivalent, to gently remove any remaining contamination and rinse with tap water as necessary.
- Remove the tubing from the P1 probe.
- Remove the plug from the P2 port.
- Leave the valve bore open to air until completely dry.
- If contamination has been successfully removed, return the valve to service.
- If contamination still exists on the valve plate and/or bore area around the valve plate, the unit will need to be replaced with a new unit.

Chapter 8. Product Support and Service Options

Product Support Options

If you are experiencing problems with the installation, or unsatisfactory performance of a Woodward product, the following options are available:

- 1. Consult the troubleshooting guide in the manual.
- 2. Contact the **OE Manufacturer or Packager** of your system.
- 3. Contact the **Woodward Business Partner** serving your area.
- Contact Woodward technical assistance via email
 (EngineHelpDesk@Woodward.com) with detailed information on the
 product, application, and symptoms. Your email will be forwarded to an
 appropriate expert on the product and application to respond by telephone
 or return email.
- 5. If the issue cannot be resolved, you can select a further course of action to pursue based on the available services listed in this chapter.

OEM or Packager Support: Many Woodward controls and control devices are installed into the equipment system and programmed by an Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) or Equipment Packager at their factory. In some cases, the programming is password-protected by the OEM or packager, and they are the best source for product service and support. Warranty service for Woodward products shipped with an equipment system should also be handled through the OEM or Packager. Please review your equipment system documentation for details.

Woodward Business Partner Support: Woodward works with and supports a global network of independent business partners whose mission is to serve the users of Woodward controls, as described here:

- A Full-Service Distributor has the primary responsibility for sales, service, system integration solutions, technical desk support, and aftermarket marketing of standard Woodward products within a specific geographic area and market segment.
- An Authorized Independent Service Facility (AISF) provides authorized service that includes repairs, repair parts, and warranty service on Woodward's behalf. Service (not new unit sales) is an AISF's primary mission.
- A Recognized Engine Retrofitter (RER) is an independent company that
 does retrofits and upgrades on reciprocating gas engines and dual-fuel
 conversions, and can provide the full line of Woodward systems and
 components for the retrofits and overhauls, emission compliance upgrades,
 long term service contracts, emergency repairs, etc.

A current list of Woodward Business Partners is available at **www.woodward.com/directory**.

Product Service Options

Depending on the type of product, the following options for servicing Woodward products may be available through your local Full-Service Distributor or the OEM or Packager of the equipment system.

- Replacement/Exchange (24-hour service)
- Flat Rate Repair
- Flat Rate Remanufacture

Replacement/Exchange: Replacement/Exchange is a premium program designed for the user who is in need of immediate service. It allows you to request and receive a like-new replacement unit in minimum time (usually within 24 hours of the request), providing a suitable unit is available at the time of the request, thereby minimizing costly downtime.

This option allows you to call your Full-Service Distributor in the event of an unexpected outage, or in advance of a scheduled outage, to request a replacement control unit. If the unit is available at the time of the call, it can usually be shipped out within 24 hours. You replace your field control unit with the like-new replacement and return the field unit to the Full-Service Distributor.

Flat Rate Repair: Flat Rate Repair is available for many of the standard mechanical products and some of the electronic products in the field. This program offers you repair service for your products with the advantage of knowing in advance what the cost will be.

Flat Rate Remanufacture: Flat Rate Remanufacture is very similar to the Flat Rate Repair option, with the exception that the unit will be returned to you in "likenew" condition. This option is applicable to mechanical products only.

Returning Equipment for Repair

If a control (or any part of an electronic control) is to be returned for repair, please contact your Full-Service Distributor in advance to obtain Return Authorization and shipping instructions.

When shipping the item(s), attach a tag with the following information:

- return number:
- name and location where the control is installed;
- name and phone number of contact person;
- complete Woodward part number(s) and serial number(s);
- description of the problem;
- instructions describing the desired type of repair.

Packing a Control

Use the following materials when returning a complete control:

- protective caps on any connectors;
- antistatic protective bags on all electronic modules;
- packing materials that will not damage the surface of the unit;
- at least 100 mm (4 inches) of tightly packed, industry-approved packing material;
- a packing carton with double walls;
- a strong tape around the outside of the carton for increased strength.



To prevent damage to electronic components caused by improper handling, read and observe the precautions in Woodward manual 82715, Guide for Handling and Protection of Electronic Controls, Printed Circuit Boards, and Modules.

Replacement Parts

When ordering replacement parts for controls, include the following information:

- the part number(s) (XXXX-XXXX) that is on the enclosure nameplate;
- the unit serial number, which is also on the nameplate.

Engineering Services

Woodward's Full-Service Distributors offer various Engineering Services for our products. For these services, you can contact the Distributor by telephone or by email.

- Technical Support
- Product Training
- Field Service

Technical Support is available from your equipment system supplier, your local Full-Service Distributor, or from many of Woodward's worldwide locations, depending upon the product and application. This service can assist you with technical questions or problem solving during the normal business hours of the Woodward location you contact.

Product Training is available as standard classes at many Distributor locations. Customized classes are also available, which can be tailored to your needs and held at one of our Distributor locations or at your site. This training, conducted by experienced personnel, will assure that you will be able to maintain system reliability and availability.

Field Service engineering on-site support is available, depending on the product and location, from one of our Full-Service Distributors. The field engineers are experienced both on Woodward products as well as on much of the non-Woodward equipment with which our products interface.

For information on these services, please contact one of the Full-Service Distributors listed at www.woodward.com/directory.

Contacting Woodward's Support Organization

For the name of your nearest Woodward Full-Service Distributor or service facility, please consult our worldwide directory at www.woodward.com/directory, which also contains the most current product support and contact information.

You can also contact the Woodward Customer Service Department at one of the following Woodward facilities to obtain the address and phone number of the nearest facility at which you can obtain information and service.

Products Used in

Engine Systems
Facility Phone Number
Brazil+55 (19) 3708 4800
China+86 (512) 6762 6727
Germany +49 (711) 78954-510
India+91 (129) 4097100
Japan+81 (43) 213-2191
Korea+82 (51) 636-7080
The Netherlands+31 (23) 5661111
United States+1 (970) 482-5811

Products Used Turbomachine	ery Systems
Facility	- Phone Number
Brazil+5	5 (19) 3708 4800
China+86	(512) 6762 6727
India+9	1 (129) 4097100
Japan+	81 (43) 213-2191
Korea+8	82 (51) 636-7080
The Netherlands+	-31 (23) 5661111
Poland	+48 12 295 13 00
United States+	1 (970) 482-5811

Technical Assistance

If you need to contact technical assistance, you will need to provide the following information. Please write it down here before contacting the Engine OEM, the Packager, a Woodward Business Partner, or the Woodward factory:

General	
Your Name	
Site Location	
Phone Number	
Fax Number	
Prime Mover Information	
Manufacturer	
Engine Model Number	
Number of Cylinders	
Type of Fuel (gas, gaseous, diesel, dual-fuel, etc.)	
Power Output Rating	
Application (power generation, marine, etc.)	
Control/Governor Information	
Control/Governor #1	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Control/Governor #2	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Control/Governor #3	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Symptoms	
Description	
-	

If you have an electronic or programmable control, please have the adjustment setting positions or the menu settings written down and with you at the time of the call.

Revision History

Changes in Revision B—

Added RoHS information to Regulatory Compliance section

Changes in Revision A-

- Updated outline drawings on pages 5-6 with Rev B version of 9999-1563
- Corrected valve effective area and weight in General Specifications on page 30

Declarations

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer's Name: WOODWARD GOVERNOR COMPANY (WGC)

Industrial Controls Group

Manufacturer's Address: 1000 E. Drake Rd.

Fort Collins, CO, USA, 80525

Model Name(s)/Number(s): TecJet 52, P/N 8407-600 and similar

Conformance to Directive(s): 2004/108/EC COUNCIL DIRECTIVE of 15 December

2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility and all

applicable amendments.

Applicable Standards: EN61000-6-4, (2001): EMC Part 6-4: Generic Standards -

Emissions for Industrial Environments

EN61000-6-2, (2005): EMC Part 6-2: Generic Standards -

Immunity for Industrial Environments

We, the undersigned, hereby declare that the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive(s).

MANUFACTURER

Signature /

Joseph Driscoll

Full Name

Engineering Manager

Position

WGC, Fort Collins, CO, USA

Place

Date

5-09-1183 Rev 11, 24-May-06

70

00363-04-EU-02-01.doc

Released

Manual 26833 TecJet 52 Gen II

Declaration of Incorporation

Woodward Governor Company 1000 E. Drake Road Fort Collins, Colorado 80525 United States of America

Product: TecJet 52

Part Number: 8407-600 and similar

The undersigned hereby declares, on behalf of Woodward Governor Company of Loveland and Fort Collins, Colorado, that the above-referenced product is in conformity with the following EU Directives as they apply to a component:

98/37/EC (Machinery)

This product is intended to be put into service only upon incorporation into an apparatus/system that itself will meet the requirements of the above Directives and bears the CE mark.

MANUFACTURER

Tout (since
Signature /
Joseph Driscoll
Full Name
Engineering Manager
Position
WGC, Fort Collins, CO, USA
Place
6/26/07
Date

5-09-1182 (REV. 5) 00363-04-EU-02-02.doc

Released

We appreciate your comments about the content of our publications.

Send comments to: icinfo@woodward.com

Please reference publication 26833.





PO Box 1519, Fort Collins CO 80522-1519, USA 1041 Woodward Way, Fort Collins CO 80524, USA Phone +1 (970) 482-5811

Email and Website—www.woodward.com

Woodward has company-owned plants, subsidiaries, and branches, as well as authorized distributors and other authorized service and sales facilities throughout the world.

Complete address / phone / fax / email information for all locations is available on our website.